

Description

The SiT9505 is a differential oscillator with an integrated MEMS resonator (such as ApexMEMS™), that is engineered for low-jitter applications requiring one of the following standard frequencies: 100 MHz, 156.25 MHz, 312.5 MHz, or 625 MHz.

In addition to standard differential signaling types, a unique FlexSwing™ output-driver performs like LVPECL and provides independent control of voltage swing and DC offset to simplify interfacing with chipsets having non-standard input voltage requirements and eliminate all external source-bias resistors. The device also integrates multiple on-chip regulators to filter power supply noise, eliminating the need for an external dedicated LDO.

The SiT9505 can be factory programmed for specific combinations of frequency, stability, output signaling, voltage, and output enable functionality. Programmability enables designers to optimize clock configurations while eliminating long lead times and customization costs associated with quartz devices where each combination is custom built.

The wide frequency range and programmability makes this device ideal for communications, enterprise, and industrial applications that require a variety of frequencies and operate in noisy environments.

Refer to Manufacturing Notes for proper reflow profile, tape and reel dimension, and other manufacturing related information.

Features

- Standard frequencies: 100 MHz, 156.25 MHz, 312.5 MHz, 625 MHz
- 41 fs RMS typical phase jitter for SerDes applications
- 9 fs/mV typical PSNR
- LVPECL, LVDS, HCSL, Low-power HCSL, and FlexSwing signaling options
- ±20, ±25, ±30, and ±50 ppm frequency stabilities
- Wide temperature range (-40°C to 105°C)
- Factory programmable options for low lead time
- 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V, and wide continuous power supply voltage range options
- 2 x 1.6, 2.5 x 2, 3.2 x 2.5 mm x mm package

Applications

- 400G/800G network equipment
- Optical modules
- Coherent optics
- Network switches, routers



Block Diagram

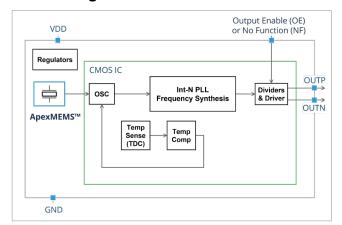


Figure 1. SiT9505 Block Diagram

Package Pinout

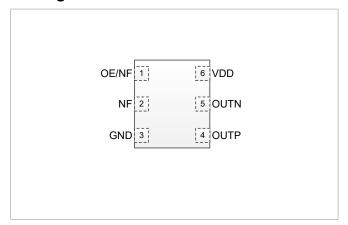


Figure 2. Pin Assignments (Top view) (Refer to Table 16 for Pin Descriptions)



SiT9505 features 41 fs RMS phase jitter for SerDes applications. Figure 3 shows the phase noise (green curve) observed by the system, after accounting for aliased phase noise when filtering (gray curve) the measured SiT9505 phase noise (blue curve). This "4-16A" phase jitter analysis methodology more accurately estimates reference clock

jitter than the legacy "12 kHz to 20 MHz" brick-wall filter methodology. It can be applied to all modern SerDes applications to optimize system performance. See "4-16A" Phase Jitter Methodology for SerDes Applications for more information.

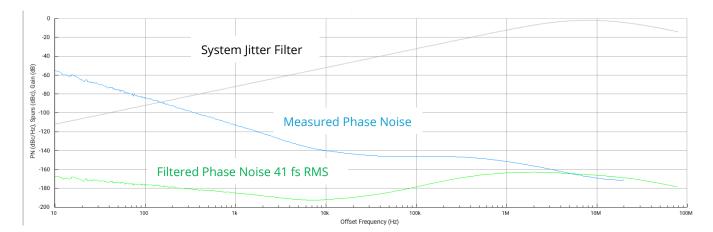
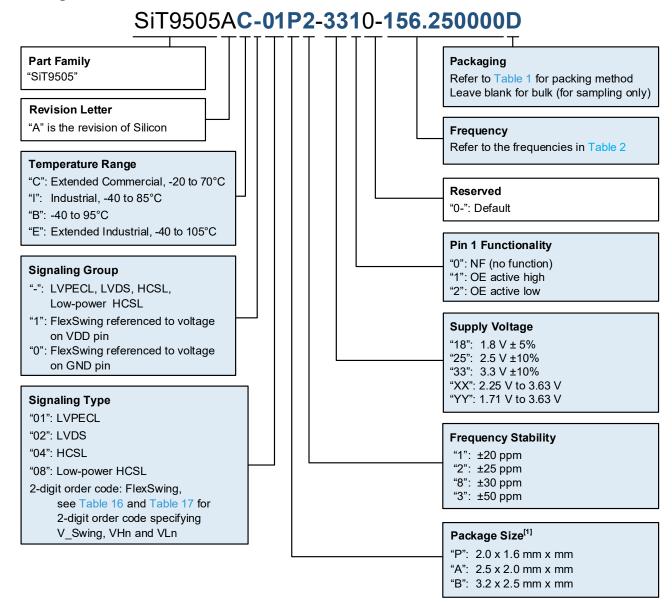


Figure 3. Phase noise before and after filtering for SiT9505 (156.25 MHz, LVPECL, 2.5 V, 25°C). The filter is applied to analyze phase noise with aliasing included up to the 3rd harmonic and features first-order filter cutoff frequencies of 4 MHz (high pass) and 16 MHz (low pass).



Ordering Information



Note

Contact SiTime for other package sizes.

Table 1. Ordering Codes for Supported Tape & Reel Packing Method

Device Size (mm x mm)	8 mm T&R (3ku)	8 mm T&R (1ku)	8 mm T&R (250u)
2.0 x 1.6	D	E	G
2.5 x 2.0	D	E	G
3.2 x 2.5	D	E	G

Table 2. Supported Frequencies

100.000000 MHz	156.250000 MHz	312.500000 MHz	625.000000 MHz
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Electrical Characteristics

All Min and Max limits in the Electrical Characteristics tables are specified over operating temperature and rated operating voltage with standard output termination shown in the termination diagrams. Typical values are at 25°C and nominal supply voltage. See Test Circuit Diagrams for the test setups used with each signaling type.

Table 3. Electrical Characteristics - Common to All Output Signaling Types

					<u> </u>	· J //···				
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition				
	1		Fre	equency Ra	ange					
Output Frequency Range	f	Stand	dard freque	encies	MHz	Refer to frequencies listed in Ordering Information				
			Fre	quency Sta	ability					
Frequency Stability	F_stab	-	_	±20	ppm	Inclusive of initial tolerance, operating temperature, rated power				
		_	_	±25	ppm	supply voltage, load variation of 2 pF ± 10%, and 10 years aging at 85°C				
		-	-	±30	ppm	11.00 0				
		_	_	±50	ppm					
10 Year Aging	F 10y	_	±0.7	±2.3	ppm	Ambient temperature of 85°C				
Temperature Range										
Operating Temperature Range	T use	-20	_	+70	°C	Extended commercial, ambient temperature				
3 1 1 2 3	_	-40	_	+85	°C	Industrial, ambient temperature				
		-40	_	+95	°C	Ambient temperature				
		-40	_	+105	°C	Extended industrial, ambient temperature				
	1		l	upply Volta	_	,,				
Supply Voltage	Vdd	1.71	_	3.63	V	Voltage-supply order code "YY"				
		2.25	_	3.63	V	Voltage-supply order code "XX"				
		1.71	1.80	1.89	V	Voltage-supply order code "18". Contact SiTime for 1.5 V				
		2.25	2.50	2.75	V	Voltage-supply order code "25"				
		2.97	3.30	3.63	V	Voltage-supply order code "33"				
		2.01		t Characte		Voltage-supply order sode so				
Input Voltage High	VIH	70%		_	Vdd	Logic High function for Pin 1				
Input Voltage Low	VIII	7070	_	30%	Vdd	Logic High function for Pin 1				
Input Pull-up/Pull-down Impedance	Z in	112.9	120	133.4	kΩ	Pin 1 for OE function				
input run-up/run-down impedance	Z_III	112.9		l	l	FILL LIGI OF IGHICUOTI				
Puty Cycle	DC	48	– Outpt	ut Charact 52	%	Saa Eigura 10 far wayafarm				
Duty Cycle	DC	40	l	OE and S	l	See Figure 19 for waveform				
Otantum Time	T -44			1						
Startup Time	T_start		1.2	2	ms	Measured from the time Vdd reaches its rated minimum value				
Output Enable Time 1	T_oe	-	_	100+3 clock cycles	ns	For all signaling types except Low-Power HCSL. Measured from the time OE pin toggles to enable logic level to the time clock pins reach 90% of final swing. See Figure 25 for waveform				
Output Enable Time 2	T_oe	-	-	500+3 clock	ns	For Low-Power HCSL signaling type. Measured from the time OE pin toggles to enable logic level to the time clock pins reach				
Output Disable Time	T_od		_	cycles 100+3	ns	90% of final swing. See Figure 25 for waveform Measured from the time OE pin toggles to disable logic level to				
Output Disable Time	1_04			clock	113	the last clock edge. See Figure 26 for waveform				
				cycles						
	1	Jitter and	Phase No		ured at f =	: 156.25 MHz				
4-16A Phase Jitter ^[2]	T_416A	_	41	52 ^[4]	fs RMS	Measured with phase noise analyzer, extending (flat) phase noise to 3rd harmonic (i.e., 312.5 MHz offset), folding phase noise below the Nyquist frequency (i.e., 78.125 MHz offset), filtering and integrating from 10 kHz to Nyquist. Uses 4 MHz high pass and 16 MHz low pass filters, each with 20 dB/dec roll off. Includes spurs. See "4-16A" Phase Jitter Methodology for SerDes Applications for additional details.				
0.012-20 Phase Jitter (legacy)	T_phj	-	72	100	fs RMS	Measured with phase noise analyzer, integrating between 12 kHz and 20 MHz offset frequency. Recommended for SONET OC-48 applications. Contact SiTime for 85 fs max option.				
Legacy Spurious Phase Noise	T_spn	-	_	-110	dBc	12 kHz to 20 MHz offset frequency range				
RMS Period Jitter ^[3]	T_jitt_per	-	0.5	0.6	ps	Measured based on 10K cycles				
Peak Cycle-to-cycle Jitter[3]	T_jitt_cc	_	3.5	6.2	ps	Measured based on 1K cycles				
			•	•						

Note:

- 2. Recommended for SerDes applications to improve the accuracy of clock jitter analysis, replacing the traditional 12 kHz to 20 MHz brick wall filter when application-specific filter characteristics are not explicitly specified.
- 3. Measured according to JESD65B using Keysight DSAX91604A Oscilloscope.
- 4. Max phase jitter for LVPECL.



Table 4. Electrical Characteristics – LVPECL | Supply voltage ("order code"): 2.5 V ±10% ("25"), 3.3 V ±10% ("33"), 2.25 V to 3.63 V ("XX"). All typical specifications are measured at nominal supply voltage of 2.5 V and nominal frequency of 156.25 MHz unless otherwise stated. See Figure 8 and Figure 9 for test setups.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
		Current C	onsumptio	n, Frequen	cy = 156.	25 MHz
Current Consumption, Output Enabled without Termination	Idd_oe_nt	-	35.5	42.5	mA	Excluding load termination current
Current Consumption, Output Enabled with Termination 1	Idd_oe_wt1	-	46	56	mA	Including load termination current as shown in Figure 30 for Vdd=3.3 V ±10%, Vdd=2.25 V to 3.63 V and R3=220 Ohms
		ı	46	52	mA	Including load termination current as shown in Figure 30 for Vdd=2.5 V ±10% and R3=220 Ohms
Current Consumption, Output Enabled with Termination 2	Idd_oe_wt2	-	62	68	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 31 for termination
Current Consumption Output Disabled with Termination 1	Idd_od_wt1	-	53.5	65	mA	Including load termination current as shown in Figure 30 for Vdd=3.3 V ±10%, Vdd=2.25 V to 3.63 V and R3=220 Ohms. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.
		-	53.5	60.5	mA	Including load termination current as shown in Figure 30 for Vdd=2.5 V ±10% and R3=220 Ohms. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.
Current Consumption, Output Disabled with Termination 2	Idd_od_wt2	-	73	80	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 31 for termination. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.
			Output	Characteri	stics	
Output High Voltage	VOH	Vdd-1.075	Vdd-0.95	Vdd-0.86	V	See Figure 18 for waveform
Output Low Voltage	VOL	Vdd-1.84	Vdd-1.7	Vdd-1.62	٧	See Figure 18 for waveform
Output Differential Voltage Swing	V_Swing	1.4	1.5	1.65	V	See Figure 19 for waveform
Rise/Fall Time	Tr, Tf	-	170	200	ps	20% to 80%. See Figure 19 for waveform
Differential Asymmetry, peak-peak	V_da	-	45	-	mV	See Figure 21 for waveform
Differential Skew, peak	V_ds	_	±30	-	ps	See Figure 22 for waveform
Overshoot Voltage, peak	V_ov	_	12	_	%	Measured as percent of V_Swing. See Figure 23 for waveform
		Р	ower Supp	ly Noise In	munity	1
Power Supply-Induced Jitter	PSJS	-	9	_	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz
Sensitivity		-	2.0	-	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 8
Power Supply-Induced Phase	PSPN	-	-79	-	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD
Noise		-	-92	_	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 8



Table 5. Electrical Characteristics – FlexSwing | Supply voltage ("order code") referred to VDD only: $2.5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ("25"), $3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ("33"), 2.25 V to 3.63 V ("XX"). All typical specifications are measured at nominal frequency of 156.25 MHz unless otherwise stated. See Figure 10 and Figure 11 for test setups.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition						
	Current Consumption, Frequency = 156.25 MHz											
Current Consumption, Output Enabled without Termination	Idd_oe_nt	_	36.5	45	mA	Excluding load termination current						
Current Consumption, Output Enabled with Termination	Idd_oe_wt	-	44	55	mA	Including load termination current, for FlexSwing order code "ER". See Figure 30 for Vdd=3.3 V ±10%, Vdd=2.25 V to 3.63 V, and R3=220 Ohms						
		-	44	51	mA	Including load termination current, for FlexSwing order code "ER". See Figure 30 for Vdd=2.5 V ±10%, and R3=220 Ohms						
Current Consumption Output Disabled with Termination	Idd_od_wt	_	49.5	60.5	mA	Including load termination current, for FlexSwing order code "ER". See Figure 30 for Vdd=3.3 V ±10%, Vdd=2.25 V to 3.63 V, and R3=220 Ohms. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.						
		-	49.5	57	mA	Including load termination current, for FlexSwing order code "ER". See Figure 30 for Vdd=2.5 V ±10%, and R3=220 Ohms. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.						
			Outpu	t Character	istics							
Output High Voltage	VOH	VHn -0.13	VHn	VHn +0.1	V	See Figure 18 for waveform; Refer to Table 17 or Table 18 order codes for nominal VOH (i.e. VHn) values						
Output Low Voltage	VOL	VLn -0.13	VLn	VLn +0.12	V	See Figure 18 for waveform; Refer to Table 17 or Table 18 order codes for nominal VOL (i.e. VLn) values						
Output Differential Voltage Swing	V_Swing	-15%	2*(VHn- VLn)	+15%	V	See Figure 19 for waveform						
Rise/Fall Time	Tr, Tf	-	170	200	ps	20% to 80%. See Figure 19 for waveform						
Differential Asymmetry, peak-peak	V_da	-	60	-	mV	See Figure 21 for waveform						
Differential Skew, peak	V_ds	-	±40	-	ps	See Figure 22 for waveform						
Overshoot Voltage, peak	V_ov	-	12	-	%	Measured as percent of V_Swing.						
						See Figure 23 for waveform						
			Power Sup	pply Noise I	lmmunity							
Power Supply-Induced Jitter Sensitivity	PSJS	_	14	_	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. For FlexSwing order code "ER"						
		_	2	-	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. For FlexSwing order code "ER". Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 10						
Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise	PSPN	_	-75	_	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. For FlexSwing order code "ER"						
		-	-93	-	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. For FlexSwing order code "ER". Using R C power supply filter as shown in Figure 10						



Table 6. Electrical Characteristics – FlexSwing | Supply voltage ("order code") referred to GND, only: $1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ ("18"), 1.71 V to 3.63 V ("YY"). All typical specifications are measured at nominal frequency of 156.25 MHz unless otherwise stated. See Figure 10 and Figure 11 for test setups.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
i didilictor	Cyllibol			ion, Freque		
Current Consumption, Output Enabled without Termination	Idd_oe_nt	-	38	45	mA	Excluding load termination current
Current Consumption, Output Enabled with Termination	Idd_oe_wt	-	45.5	51	mA	Including load termination current, for FlexSwing order code "3E". See Figure 30 for Vdd=1.8 V ±5% and R3=220 Ohms
		-	45.5	52.5	mA	Including load termination current, for FlexSwing order code "3E". See Figure 30 for Vdd=1.71 V to 3.63 V and R3=220 Ohms
Current Consumption Output Disabled with Termination	Idd_od_wt	-	51.5	57.5	mA	Including load termination current, for FlexSwing order code "3E". See Figure 30 for Vdd=1.8 V ±5% and R3=220 Ohms. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.
		-	51.5	59	mA	Including load termination current, for FlexSwing order code "3E". See Figure 30 for Vdd=1.71 V to 3.63 V and R3=220 Ohms. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.
			Output	Characteri	stics	
Output High Voltage	VOH	VHn - 0.1	VHn	VHn + 0.12	V	See Figure 18 for waveform; Refer to Table 17 or Table 18 order codes for nominal VOH (i.e. VHn) values
Output Low Voltage	VOL	VLn - 0.1	VLn	VLn + 0.12	V	See Figure 18 for waveform; Refer to Table 17 or Table 18 order codes for nominal VOL (i.e. VLn) values
Output Differential Voltage Swing	V_Swing	-15%	2*(VHn- VLn)	+15%	V	See Figure 19 for waveform
Rise/Fall Time	Tr, Tf	-	170	210	ps	20% to 80%. See Figure 19 for waveform.
Differential Asymmetry, peak-peak	V_da	-	60	-	mV	See Figure 21 for waveform
Differential Skew, peak	V_ds	-	±40	-	ps	See Figure 22 for waveform
Overshoot Voltage, peak	V_ov	-	12	-	%	Measured as percent of V_Swing. See Figure 23 for waveform
		l	Power Sur	ply Noise I	mmunity	
Power Supply-Induced Jitter Sensitivity	PSJS	-	12	-	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. For FlexSwing order code "3E"
-		_	2	-	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. For FlexSwing order code "3E". Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 10
Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise	PSPN	-	-76	_	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. For FlexSwing order code "3E"
		-	-95	_	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. For FlexSwing order code "3E". Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 10



Table 7. Electrical Characteristics – FlexSwing | Supply voltage ("order code") referred to GND, only: 2.5 V ±10% ("25"), 3.3 V ±10% ("33"), 2.25 V to 3.63 V ("XX"). All typical specifications are measured at nominal frequency of 156.25 MHz unless otherwise stated. See Figure 10 and Figure 11 for test setups.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
i didiliotoi	Cymbol			ion, Freque		
Current Consumption, Output Enabled without Termination	Idd_oe_nt	-	37	43	mA	Excluding load termination current
Current Consumption, Output Enabled with Termination	ldd_oe_wt	_	44.5	51	mA	Including load termination current, for FlexSwing order code "VP". See Figure 30 for Vdd=3.3 V ±10%, Vdd=2.25 V to 3.63 V, and R3=220 Ohms
Current Consumption Output Disabled with Termination	Idd_od_wt	1	53	61	mA	Including load termination current, for FlexSwing order code "VP". See Figure 30 for Vdd=3.3 V ±10%, Vdd=2.25 V to 3.63 V, and R3=220 Ohms. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.
			Output	t Characteri	stics	
Output High Voltage	VOH	VHn - 0.11	VHn	VHn + 0.1	V	See Figure 18 for waveform; Refer to Table 17 or Table 18 order codes for nominal VOH (i.e. VHn) values
Output Low Voltage	VOL	VLn - 0.1	VLn	VLn + 0.1	V	See Figure 18 for waveform; Refer to Table 17 or Table 18 order codes for nominal VOL (i.e. VLn) values
Output Differential Voltage Swing	V_Swing	-15%	2*(VHn- VLn)	+15%	>	See Figure 19 for waveform
Rise/Fall Time	Tr, Tf	_	170	200	ps	20% to 80%. See Figure 19 for waveform
Differential Asymmetry, peak-peak	V_da	_	60	_	mV	See Figure 21 for waveform
Differential Skew, peak	V_ds	_	±40	_	ps	See Figure 22 for waveform
Overshoot Voltage, peak	V_ov	1	12	1	%	Measured as percent of V_Swing. See Figure 23 for waveform
			Power Sup	ply Noise I	mmunity	
Power Supply-Induced Jitter Sensitivity	PSJS	-	14	-	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. For FlexSwing order code "VP"
		-	2	_	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. For FlexSwing order code "VP". Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 10
Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise	PSPN	-	-75	-	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. For FlexSwing order code "VP"
		-	-93	-	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. For FlexSwing order code "VP". Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 10



Table 8. Electrical Characteristics – LVDS | Supply voltage ("order code"): 2.5 V ±10% ("25"), 3.3 V ±10% ("33"), 2.25 V to 3.63 V ("XX"). All typical specifications are measured at nominal supply of 2.5 V and nominal frequency of 156.25 MHz unless otherwise stated. See Figure 12 and Figure 13 for test setups.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition						
	Current Consumption, Frequency = 156.25 MHz											
Current Consumption, Output Enabled without Termination	Idd_oe_nt	-	32.5	39	mA	Excluding load termination current						
Current Consumption, Output Enabled with Termination	Idd_oe_wt	-	36	42	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 34 for termination						
Current Consumption Output Disabled with Termination	ldd_od_wt	ı	42	48	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 34 for termination. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.						
			Output	Characteri	stics							
Differential Output Voltage	VOD	250	360	450	mV	See Figure 20 for waveform						
Delta VOD	ΔVOD	-	-	50	mV	See Figure 20 for waveform						
Offset Voltage	VOS	1.125	1.25	1.375	V	See Figure 20 for waveform						
Delta VOS	ΔVOS	_	_	50	mV	See Figure 20 for waveform						
Rise/Fall Time	Tr, Tf	-	290	330	ps	Measured 20% to 80% using Figure 34 for termination. See Figure 19 for waveform						
Differential Asymmetry, peak-peak	V_da	-	25	-	mV	See Figure 21 for waveform						
Differential Skew, peak	V_ds	-	±40	-	ps	See Figure 22 for waveform						
Overshoot Voltage, peak	V_ov	I	8	_	%	Measured as percent of VOD. See Figure 24 for waveform						
		1	Power Sup	ply Noise I	mmunity							
Power Supply-Induced Jitter	PSJS	-	15	-	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz						
Sensitivity	PSJS	-	3.5	-	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 12						
Power Supply-Induced Phase	PSPN	-	-75	-	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD						
Noise	PSPN	-	-88	-	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 12						



Table 9. Electrical Characteristics – LVDS | Supply voltage ("order code"): 1.8 V ±5% ("18"), 1.71 V to 3.63 V ("YY"). All typical specifications are measured at nominal supply of 2.5V and nominal frequency of 156.25 MHz unless otherwise stated. See Figure 12 and Figure 13 for test setups.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition						
Current Consumption, Frequency = 156.25 MHz												
Current Consumption, Output Enabled without Termination	Idd_oe_nt	-	32.5	39	mA	Excluding load termination current						
Current Consumption, Output Enabled with Termination	ldd_oe_wt	-	36	42	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 33 and Figure 34 for termination						
Current Consumption Output Disabled with Termination	ldd_od_wt	-	41.5	48	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 33 and Figure 34 for termination. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.						
	Output Characteristics											
Differential Output Voltage	VOD	250	330	450	mV	See Figure 20 for waveform						
Delta VOD	ΔVOD	-	-	50	mV	See Figure 20 for waveform						
Offset Voltage	VOS	1.125	1.25	1.375	V	See Figure 20 for waveform						
Delta VOS	ΔVOS	-	ı	50	mV	See Figure 20 for waveform						
Rise/Fall Time	Tr, Tf	-	290	330	ps	Measured 20% to 80% using Figure 34 for termination. See Figure 19 for waveform						
Differential Asymmetry, peak-peak	V_da	-	25	-	mV	See Figure 21 for waveform						
Differential Skew, peak	V_ds	-	±40	-	ps	See Figure 22 for waveform						
Overshoot Voltage, peak	V_ov	_	8	-	%	Measured as percent of VOD. See Figure 24 for waveform						
		I	Power Sup	ply Noise I	mmunity							
Power Supply-Induced Jitter	PSJS	_	17.5	_	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz						
Sensitivity		-	3.5	_	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 12						
Power Supply-Induced Phase	PSPN	-	-73	_	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD						
Noise		-	-88	_	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 12						



Table 10. Electrical Characteristics – HCSL | Supply voltage ("order code"): $2.5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ("25"), $3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ("33"), 2.25 V to 3.63 V ("XX"), $1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ ("18"), 1.71 V to 3.63 V ("YY"). All typical specifications are measured at nominal supply of 2.5 V and nominal frequency of 156.25 MHz unless otherwise stated. See Figure 14 and Figure 15 for test setups.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition						
	Current Consumption, Frequency = 156.25 MHz											
Current Consumption, Output Enabled without Termination	Idd_oe_nt	-	32	38	mA	Excluding load termination current						
Current Consumption, Output Enabled with Termination	Idd_oe_wt	-	46.5	52	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 35 for termination						
Current Consumption, Output Disabled with Termination	Idd_od_wt	-	52.5	59	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 35 for termination. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.						
			Output	Characteri	stics							
Output High Voltage	VOH	0.60	0.7	0.95	V	See Figure 18 for waveform						
Output Low Voltage	VOL	-0.1	0	0.1	V	See Figure 18 for waveform						
Output Differential Voltage Swing	V_Swing	1.1	1.4	1.6	V	See Figure 19 for waveform						
Rise/Fall Time	Tr, Tf	-	340	370	ps	Measured 20% to 80%.						
						See Figure 19 for waveform						
Differential Asymmetry, peak-peak	V_da		65	-	mV	See Figure 21 for waveform						
Differential Skew, peak	V_ds	-	±70	-	ps	See Figure 22 for waveform						
Overshoot Voltage, peak	V_ov	_	0	-	%	Measured as percent of V_Swing.						
						See Figure 23 for waveform						
			Power Sup	ply Noise I	mmunity							
Power Supply-Induced Jitter	PSJS	-	27	_	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz						
Sensitivity		-	3.5	-	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 14						
Power Supply-Induced Phase	PSPN	_	-70	-	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD						
Noise		-	-88	-	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 14						



Table 11. Electrical Characteristics – Low-Power HCSL | Supply voltage ("order code"): $2.5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ("25"), $3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ("33"), 2.25 V to 3.63 V ("XX"), $1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ ("18"), 1.71 V to 3.63 V ("YY"). All typical specifications are measured at nominal supply of 2.5 V and nominal frequency of 156.25 MHz unless otherwise stated. See Figure 16 and Figure 17 for test setups.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition						
Current Consumption, Frequency = 156.25 MHz												
Current Consumption, Output Enabled without Termination	Idd_oe_nt	-	33	38.5	mA	Excluding load termination current						
Current Consumption, Output Enabled with Termination	Idd_oe_wt	-	33.5	39	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 36 for termination						
Current Consumption, Output Disabled with Termination	Idd_od_wt	-	35.5	42	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 36 for termination. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.						
	Output Characteristics											
Output High Voltage	VOH	8.0	0.92	1.15	V	See Figure 18 for waveform						
Output Low Voltage	VOL	-0.1	0	0.1	V	See Figure 18 for waveform						
Output Differential Voltage Swing	V_Swing	1.6	1.83	2.0	V	See Figure 19 for waveform						
Rise/Fall Time	Tr, Tf	_	330	380	ps	Measured 20% to 80%. See Figure 19 for waveform						
Differential Asymmetry, peak-peak	V_da	-	55	_	mV	See Figure 21 for waveform						
Differential Skew, peak	V_ds	-	±30	_	ps	See Figure 22 for waveform						
Overshoot Voltage, peak	V_ov	-	1	_	%	Measured as percent of V_Swing. See Figure 23 for waveform						
			Power Sup	ply Noise	lmmunity							
Power Supply-Induced Jitter	PSJS	-	18	_	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz						
Sensitivity		-	6.5	-	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 16						
Power Supply-Induced Phase	PSPN	-	-73	_	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD						
Noise		-	-82		dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 16						



Table 12. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Operation outside the absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the part.

Performance of the IC is only guaranteed within the operational specifications, not at absolute maximum ratings.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Continuous Power Supply Voltage Range (Vdd)		-0.5	4.0	V
Input Voltage, Maximum	Any input pin	_	Vdd + 0.3	V
Input Voltage, Minimum	Any input pin	-0.3	_	V
Storage Temperature		-65	150	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature		-	135	°C

Table 13. Thermal Considerations[5]

Package	θ _{JA} (°C/W)	Ψл (°С/ W)	θ _{JB} (°C/W)	θ _{ЈС,Тор} (°С/W)
3225, 6-pin	111	5.1	34	86
2520, 6-pin	126	4.8	39	118
2016, 6-pin	149	3.9	40	163

Notes:

5. θ_{JA}, Ψ_{JT}, θ_{JB} and θ_{JC} are provided according to JEDEC standards 51-2A, 51-7, 51-8, and 51-12.01 with a 25°C ambient and 250 mW power consumption (typical of 1 GHz f_{out}). The conduction thermal resistances θ_{JB} and θ_{JC} are obtained with the assumption that all heat flows from the junction to a heat sink through either the solder pads (θ_{JB}) or the top of the package (θ_{JC,Top}). These may be used in a two-resistor compact model. The values of θ_{JA} and Ψ_{JT} are strongly application dependent, and we report values based on the JEDEC thermal environment. θ_{JA} is the thermal resistance to ambient on a JEDEC PCB - it is a highly conservative estimate, since the JEDEC board does not have vias to PCB planes in the vicinity of the package. Ψ_{JT} can be used to estimate the junction temperature from measurements of the temperature at the top of the package if the thermal environment is similar to the JEDEC environment.

Table 14. Maximum Operating Junction Temperature^[6]

Max Operating Temperature (ambient)	Maximum Operating Junction Temperature
70°C	80°C
85°C	95°C
95°C	105°C
105°C	115°C

Notes:

6. Datasheet specifications are not guaranteed if junction temperature exceeds the maximum operating junction temperature.

Table 15. Environmental Compliance

Parameter	Test Conditions	Value	Unit			
Mechanical Shock Resistance	MIL-STD-883F, Method 2002	10,000	g			
Mechanical Vibration Resistance	MIL-STD-883F, Method 2007	70	g			
Soldering Temperature (follow standard Pb free soldering guidelines)[7]	MIL-STD-883F, Method 2003	260	°C			
Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL1 @ 260°C					
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM)	HBM, JESD22-A114	2,000	V			
Charge-Device Model ESD Protection	JESD220C101	750	V			
Latch-up Tolerance	JESD78 Compliant					

Notes:

7. Please refer to SiTime Manufacturing Notes.



Pin Description

Table 16. Pin Description

Pin	Мар		Functionality
1	OF/NF	Output Enable (OE)	H ^[8] : Specified frequency output L ^[9] : OUT: Logic HIGH,
'	02/	No Function (NF)	Open, 120 kΩ internal pull-down resistor to GND
2	NF	No Function	H or L or Open: No effect on output frequency or other device functions. ^[10]
3	GND	Power	Power Supply Ground
4	OUTP	Output	Oscillator output
5	OUTN	Output	Complementary oscillator output
6	VDD	Power	Power supply voltage ^[8]

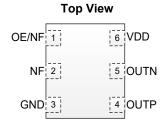


Figure 4. Pin Assignments

Notes:

- .8. OE pin includes a 120 kΩ internal pull-up resistor to VDD when active high, and a 120 kΩ internal pull-down resistor to GND when active low. In noisy environments, the OE pin is recommended to include an external 10 kΩ resistor (Use 10 kΩ pull-up if active high OE; use 10 kΩ pull-down if active low OE) when the pin is not externally driven.
- 9. Differential Logic high means OUTP=VOH, OUTN=VOL
- 10. Can be left open. SiTime recommends grounding it for better thermal performance.
- 11. A capacitor of value 0.1 µF or higher between VDD and GND pins is required.



"4-16A" Phase Jitter Methodology for SerDes Applications

Proper evaluation of reference clock (refclk) jitter is critical to optimize system performance in high-speed serial links.

Figure 5 shows how the traditional 12 kHz to 20 MHz analysis of filtering refclk jitter can mislead designers to

select components that degrade rather than improve link performance. Using a more accurate filter analysis predicts a 50% reduction (41 vs 94 fs RMS) in jitter. Therefore, this datasheet replaces the legacy 12 kHz to 20 MHz filter analysis with a more accurate and established methodology adopted by several industry standards (e.g. PCI Express, CXL, UCIe) and implemented here as "4-16A" phase jitter. A brief overview follows.

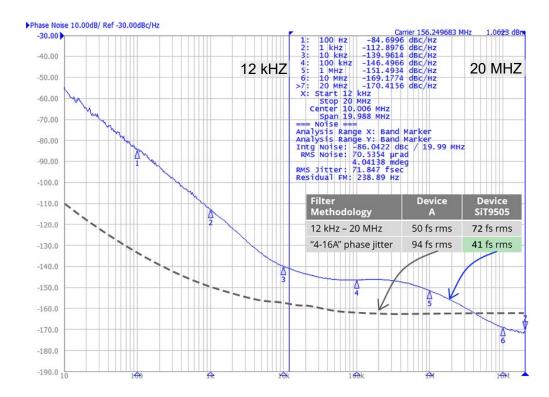


Figure 5. Two products analyzed with 2 different methodologies lead to opposite conclusions. The "4-16A" phase jitter methodology more accurately predicts in-system performance for modern SerDes applications.

Established in 1991 for SONET OC-48 line rates, the traditional 12 kHz to 20 MHz jitter filter served as a golden reference to evaluate refclk jitter for over 30 years. The filter is used is nearly all clock and timing datasheets today. However, the results it provides no longer correlate with system performance and can create suboptimum link performance. Sources of filter error include incorrect corner frequencies, unrealistic brick-wall roll offs and a lack of accounting for aliased phase noise. Errors of tens of femtoseconds are significant today and will become more significant as data rates increase. For these reasons, we recommend customers adopt the more accurate "4-16A" phase jitter methodology for SerDes applications.

The conventional refclk jitter analysis uses a band-pass filter, as shown in Figure 6, to extract the refclk contribution to jitter observed at the receiver. Historically the refclk jitter filter was arbitrarily applied to phase noise up to an offset equal to the refclk Nyquist frequency. However, this ignores higher-offset phase noise that aliases when the refclk is sampled by a PLL's digital phase detector. Studies have shown that extending the measured phase noise data flat to the third harmonic (or, twice the fundamental frequency in the offset-frequency axis) accurately estimates worst-case phase jitter^[12]. Above the third harmonic, phase noise rolls off quickly and can be ignored.

Note:

12. "How to evaluate reference-clock phase noise in high-speed serial links", Signal Integrity Journal (May 3, 2019).



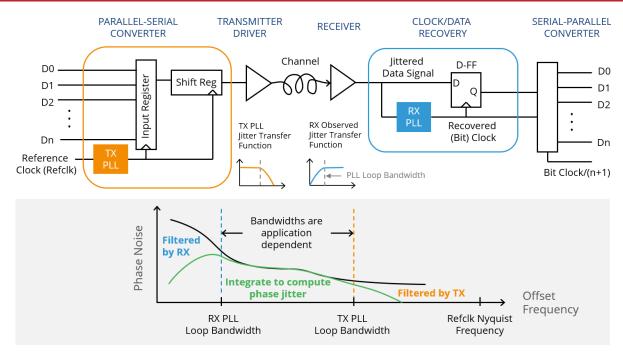


Figure 6. A generic serial link (top) uses a transmit PLL and receive CDR to low and high pass filter, respectively, refclk phase noise. This forms a band-pass system filter (bottom) for computing phase jitter.

The left Figure 7 chart illustrates this methodology of filtering aliased phase noise for a 156.25 MHz clock. Direct phase noise analyzer instruments (e.g., E5052B or FSWP) include an anti-aliasing filter. Thus, to account for aliasing, the phase noise is extended flat to the 3rd harmonic (468.75 MHz in the signal spectrum, or 312.5 MHz in offset frequency spectrum) and the jitter filter is folded across

Nyquist-zone boundaries (at 156.25/2, 156.25 and 156.25×3/2 MHz). Then the phase noise data is filtered and integrated to derive phase jitter. The right chart in Figure 7 illustrates a mathematically equivalent process that aliases the extended phase noise below an offset equal to the Nyquist frequency before filtering in the first Nyquist zone^[12].

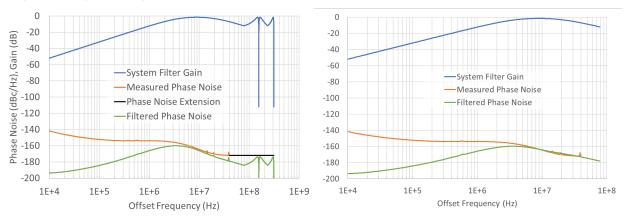


Figure 7. Illustration of two equivalent processes to filter aliased phase noise. The left chart extends (black) the measured phase noise (orange) to the 3rd harmonic, mirrors the filter (blue) across higher Nyquist zones before deriving the filtered phase noise (green). Alternatively, the right chart aliases the extended phase noise (not shown) below the Nyquist frequency before filtering (green). Integrating either green curve produces the same phase jitter.

A shorthand label for this methodology is "#-#A" phase jitter where the first and second numbers "#" are replaced with RX CDR and TX PLL bandwidths, respectively, and assuming 20 dB/dec roll offs (unless specified otherwise), and "A" indicates that aliasing is included. For example, "4-16A" phase jitter uses 4 MHz RX and 16 MHz TX bandwidths with aliasing. Here, 4 MHz represents the most common serial standard, Ethernet, which typically specifies a CDR bandwidth of 4 MHz for 10 Gbps and higher link

rates, and 16 MHz represents a worst-case estimate for TX PLL bandwidth (the PLL becomes unstable at higher bandwidths). This shorthand terminology makes it easy to describe variations. For example, "2-10A" phase jitter describes the same methodology but for 2 MHz RX CDR and 10 MHz TX PLL bandwidths. In practice, the exact bandwidths are application dependent, and "4-16A" is simply chosen here to represent the most common application (Ethernet).



FlexSwing Configurations

A FlexSwing output-driver performs like LVPECL and additionally provides independent control of voltage swing and DC offset voltage levels. This simplifies interfacing with chipsets having non-standard input voltage requirements

and can eliminate all external source-bias resistors. FlexSwing supports power supply voltages from 1.71 V to 3.63 V, and the programmable VOH and VOL levels may be referenced to the voltage on either VDD or GND pins.

Table 17. FlexSwing 2-digit Order Codes specifying VHn and VLn referenced to voltage on VDD pin

Criter Code V_Swing(V) R													v	'Ln										
No.			А	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	J	К			N	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	v	W	х
No.		Order Code	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>
A A A A A A A A A A			.31	.26	.21	.16	#	.96	.0	.96	.91	.86	8.	Ε.	27.	6.	.62	[2	.52	.47	.42	.37	.32	.28
A A A A A A A A A A			7 -р	q-7	ld-2	9-2	ld-2	ld-2	ld-2	<u>-</u> -	- -	4-1	<u>-</u>	<u> -</u>	- - -	<u>-</u>	- -	d-1		ld-1	l-1	<u>-</u>	ld-1	G-1
A B B B B B B B B B			3	>	>	3	3	>	>	3	3	>	>	3	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	3	>	3
B		•									AJ	AK	AL	AM	AN	AP	AQ	AR	AS	AT	AU	AV	AW	AX
R	ľ										1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	1.52	1.44	1.35	1.27	1.18	1.10	1.01	0.93	0.85
C C C C C C C C C C	l I,	В																						BX
C C C C C C C C C C	-	4								1.94														_
E F F F F F F F F F F	1	с							1.04	1 06														
Parish		-							1.54	1.00														
F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F		D						1.94	1.86	1.77														0.59
F F F F F F F F F F	l t																							EX
F		<u> </u>					1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	1.52												0.51
1,94		_									FJ	FK	FL	FM	FN	FP	FQ	FR	FS	FT	FU	FV	FW	
H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H						1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	1.52	1.44	1.35	1.27	1.18	1.10	1.01	0.93	0.85	0.76	0.676	0.59	0.51	0.42
H 1.94		G																						
H 1.94 1.86 1.77 1.69 1.61 1.52 1.44 1.35 1.27 1.18 1.10 1.01 0.93 0.85 0.76 0.68 0.59 0.51 0.42 0.34 0.25		_			1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69			_				_	_						0.51	0.42	0.34
The color of the		н		4.04	4.00	4 77	4.60	4.54														0.42		0.25
T	-	- 		1.94	1.86	1.//	1.69														0.51	0.42	0.34	0.25
N		1	1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61														0.42	0.34	0.25	li
N NB NC ND NE NF NG NH NJ NK NL NM NN NP NR NR NR NR NR NR		. 2														_								
N NB NC ND NE NF NG NH NJ NK NL NM NN NP NR NR NR NR NR NR		K è	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	1.52	1.44	1.35	1.27	1.18	1.10	1.01	0.93	0.85	0.76	0.68	0.59	0.51	0.42	0.34	0.25		l i
N NB NC ND NE NF NG NH NJ NK NL NM NN NP NR NR NR NR NR NR	VHn	. Swi				LD	LE	LF	LG	LH	Ш	LK	LL	LM	LN	LP	LQ	LR						
N NB NC ND NE NF NG NH NJ NK NL NM NN NP NR NR NR NR NR NR	J *****	<u>'</u>	1.77	1.69		1.52	1.44	1.35	1.27	1.18		1.01	0.93	0.85	0.76	0.68	0.59	0.51	0.42	0.34	0.25			
N NB NC ND NE NF NG NH NJ NK NL NM NN NP NR NR NR NR NR NR	r	νl š																						
N	-	→	1.69													_	0.51	0.42	0.34	0.25				
PA PB PC PD PE PF PG PH PJ PK PL PM PN Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q		N	1.61														0.43	0.24	0.35					
P	-	-			_											0.51	0.42	0.34	0.25					
QA QB QC QD QE QF QG QH QJ QK QL QM		P														0.42	0.34	0.25						
R RA RB RC RD RE RF RG RH RU RK RL 1.35 1.27 1.18 1.10 1.01 0.93 0.85 0.76 0.68 0.59 0.51 0.42 0.34 0.25 Supply Voltage Available Colors Supply Voltage Available Colors 1.8V±5% Not Supported 1.71V to 3.63V Not Supported 1.71V to 3.63V Not Supported 2.5V±10% Blue TA TB TC TD TE TF TG TH TJ 1.18 1.10 1.01 0.93 0.85 0.76 0.68 0.59 0.51 0.42 0.34 0.25 UA UB UC UD UE UF UG UH UA UB UC UD UE UF UG UH																								
S 1.35 1.27 1.18 1.10 1.01 0.93 0.85 0.76 0.68 0.59 0.51 0.42 0.34 0.25	'	Q	1.44	1.35	1.27	1.18	1.10	1.01	0.93	0.85	0.76	0.68	0.59	0.51	0.42	0.34	0.25							l
S			RA	RB	RC	RD	RE	RF	RG	RH	RJ	RK	RL						Suppl	y Voltag	e Ava	ailable C	olors	i I
S SA SB SC SD SE SF SG SH SJ SK 1.27 1.18 1.10 1.01 0.93 0.85 0.76 0.68 0.59 0.51 0.42 0.34 0.25 T T 1.18 1.10 1.01 0.93 0.85 0.76 0.68 0.59 0.51 0.42 0.34 0.25 T UA UB UC UD UE UF UG UH UA UB UC UD UE UF UG UH T UG		<u>`</u>			_								0.51	0.42	0.34	0.25			1.8	3V±5%	No	t Suppo	rted	
T	[]:	s	-																1.71V	to 3.63\				j
T	I ⊢	-			_	_						0.51	0.42	0.34	0.25									
UA UB UC UD UE UF UG UH 2.25V to 3.63V Blue	-	т										0.42	0.24	0.25					3.3	V±10%	Blu	ıe	Red	
UI OA OB OC OD OC OT OG OT	⊦	┥		_							0.51	0.42	0.34	0.25					2.25V	to 3.63\	V	Blue		
1.10 1.01 0.93 0.85 0.76 0.68 0.59 0.51 0.42 0.34 0.25 Note 13 Gray		υ									0.42	0.34	0.25									Gray		j
VA VB VC VD VF VF VG	l t	1																						
V 1.01 0.93 0.85 0.76 0.68 0.59 0.51 0.42 0.34 0.25	[]	V	1.01	0.93	0.85	0.76	0.68	0.59	0.51	0.42	0.34	0.25												i
W WA WB WC WD WE WF	Ι.	Α/	WA	WB	WC	WD	WE	WF																
W 0.93 0.85 0.76 0.68 0.59 0.51 0.42 0.34 0.25	Ш,	/V	0.93	0.85	0.76	0.68	0.59	0.51	0.42	0.34	0.25													

Note:

The above table identifies supported combinations of nominal VOH (i.e. VHn) and nominal VOL (i.e. VLn) in colored boxes. The two-character code in each box corresponds to the VHn and VLn codes specified in the $2^{\rm nd}$ column and $2^{\rm nd}$ row in the table, respectively. The number in each box indicates the nominal differential swing (i.e. 2x VHn – VLn).

For example, order code "FS" selects VHn code "F" (i.e. Vdd-1.095 V) and VLn code "S" (i.e. Vdd-1.520 V) corresponding to a V_Swing of 0.85 V peak-peak, which may be used for supply voltages of 2.5 V $\pm 10\%$, 3.3 V $\pm 10\%$ or (2.25 V to 3.63 V). Alternatively, an order code of "GS" corresponds to a VHn code "G" (i.e. Vdd-1.14 V) and a VLn order code "S" (e.g. Vdd-1.520 V) corresponding to a V_Swing of 0.760 V peak-peak, which may be used for a supply voltage of 3.3 V $\pm 10\%$.

^{13.} Please contact SiTime.

^{14.} Table based on Y-Bias Termination with R3 = 220. See Figure 30. Using different R3 value changes the VHn and VLn value.



Table 18. FlexSwing 2-digit Order Codes specifying VHn and VLn referenced to voltage on GND pin

						1							1	1			1						1
	ler Co		С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	K	L	M	N	P	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	X	Y
V_S	wing	(V)	0.45V	0.49V	0.54V	0.59V	0.64V	0.69v	0.74V	0.79v	0.84V	0.89V	0.94V	V66.0	1.03V	1.08V	1.16V	1.23V	1.3V	1.38V	1.45V	1.53V	1.6V
	А																			AV 1.94	AW 1.86	AX 1.69	AY 1.61
	В			Supp	ly Volta	ge		Availa	ble Col	ors										BV	BW	BX	BY
	_			1.8	8V±5%	(Orange		Gr	een									211	1.86	1.77	1.61	1.52
	С				/ to 3.63			_	ireen										CU 1.94	CV 1.77	CW 1.69	CX 1.52	CY 1.44
	D				V±10%		Orange	Gree	_		Purple							DT	DU	DV	DW	DX	DY
	_			_	V±10% / to 3.63		Gre Gre		В	lue Blue	Red							1.94	1.86	1.69	1.61	1.44	1.35
	E				ote 15	3 V	GIC		Gray	Diac								ET 1.86	EU 1.77	EV 1.61	EW 1.52	EX 1.35	EY 1.27
	F																FS	FT	FU	FV	FW	FX	FY
	_																1.94	1.77	1.69	1.52	1.44	1.27	1.18
	G															1.94	GS 1.86	GT 1.69	GU 1.61	GV 1.44	GW 1.35	GX 1.18	GY 1.10
	н																HS	HT	HU	HV	HW	нх	HY
	_														1.94	1.86	1.77	1.61	1.52	1.35	1.27	1.10	1.01
	J													1.94	1.86	1.77	JS 1.69	JT 1.52	JU 1.44	JV 1.27	JW 1.18	JX 1.01	JY 0.93
	К													2.5.	2.00		KS	KT	KU	KV	KW	КХ	КҮ
	_												1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	1.44	1.35	1.18	1.10	0.93	0.85
	L											1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	LS 1.52	LT 1.35	LU 1.27	LV 1.10	LW 1.01	LX 0.85	LY 0.76
	м												2.00		2.03	MR	MS	MT	MU	MV	MW	MX	MY
	IVI	8 1									1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	1.52	1.44	1.27	1.18	1.01	0.93	0.76	0.68
	N) B								1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	NQ 1.52	NR 1.44	NS 1.35	NT 1.18	NU 1.10	NV 0.93	NW 0.85	NX 0.68	NY 0.59
VHn	Р	VLn + V_Swing / 2									2.00		2.03	PP	PQ	PR	PS	PT	PU	PV	PW	PX	PY
VIII	_	> [']							1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	1.52	1.44	1.35	1.27	1.10	1.01	0.85	0.76	0.59	0.51
	Q	٧Ln						1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	QN 1.52	QP 1.44	QQ 1.35	QR 1.27	QS 1.18	QT 1.01	QU 0.93	QV 0.76	QW 0.68	QX 0.51	0.42
	R	-						2.5.	2.00		2.03	RM	RN	RP	RQ	RR	RS	RT	RU	RV	RW	0.52	V
	_						1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	1.52	1.44	1.35	1.27	1.18	1.10	0.93	0.85	0.68	0.59	0.42	0.34
	s					1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	SL 1.52	SM 1.44	SN 1.35	SP 1.27	SQ 1.18	SR 1.10	SS 1.01	ST 0.85	SU 0.76	SV 0.59	SW 0.51	0.34	0.25
	_						2.00	2177	2.03	TK	TL	TM	TN	TP	TQ	TR	TS	TT	TU	TV	0.01	0.0.	0.25
	T				1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	1.52	1.44	1.35	1.27	1.18	1.10	1.01	0.93	0.76	0.68	0.51	0.42	0.25	
	U			1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	UJ 1.52	UK 1.44	UL 1.35	UM 1.27	UN 1.18	UP 1.10	UQ 1.01	UR 0.93	US 0.85	UT 0.68	UU 0.59	0.42	0.34		
	v			1.5				VH	VJ	VK	VL	VM	VN	VP	VQ	VR	VS	VT	VU				
	Ц.		1.94	1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	1.52	1.44	1.35	1.27	1.18	1.10	1.01	0.93	0.85	0.76	0.59	0.51	0.34	0.25		
	w		1.86	1.77	1.69	1.61	WG 1.52	WH 1.44	WJ 1.35	WK 1.27	WL 1.18	WM 1.10	WN 1.01	WP 0.93	WQ 0.85	WR 0.76	WS 0.68	WT 0.51	0.42	0.25			
	х					XF	XG	ХН	XJ	ХК	XL	XM	XN	ХР	XQ	XR	XS						
	$\hat{-}$		1.77	1.69	1.61	1.52	1.44	1.35	1.27	1.18	1.10	1.01	0.93	0.85	0.76	0.68	0.59	0.42	0.34				-
	Y		1.69	1.61	YE 1.52	YF 1.44	YG 1.35	YH 1.27	YJ 1.18	YK 1.10	YL 1.01	YM 0.93	YN 0.85	YP 0.76	YQ 0.68	YR 0.59	YS 0.51	0.34	0.25				
	z			ZD	ZE	ZF	ZG	ZH	ZJ	ZK	ZL	ZM	ZN	ZP	ZQ	ZR							
	1		1.61	1.52	1.44	1.35	1.27	1.18	1.10	1.01	0.93	0.85	0.76	0.68	0.59	0.51	0.42	0.25					
	1		1C 1.52	1D 1.44	1E 1.35	1F 1.27	1G 1.18	1H 1.10	1J 1.01	1K 0.93	1L 0.85	1M 0.76	1N 0.68	1P 0.59	1Q 0.51	0.42	0.34						
	2		2C	2D	2E	2F	2G	2H	2J	2K	2L	2M	2N	2P									
	1		1.44 3C	1.35 3D	1.27 3E	1.18 3F	1.10 3G	1.01 3H	0.93 3J	0.85 3K	0.76 3L	0.68 3M	0.59 3N	0.51	0.42	0.34	0.25						
	3		1.35	3D 1.27	3E 1.18	3F 1.10	1.01	0.93	0.85	3K 0.76	0.68	0.59	0.51	0.42	0.34	0.25							

Note:

15. Please contact SiTime.



Test Circuit Diagrams

A 1.5 pF capacitive load is used at each differential output. Because of the additive input capacitance of the active probe used with the oscilloscope, the output characteristics for all signal types are measured with a total of 2 pF capacitive load.

Test Setups for LVPECL Measurements

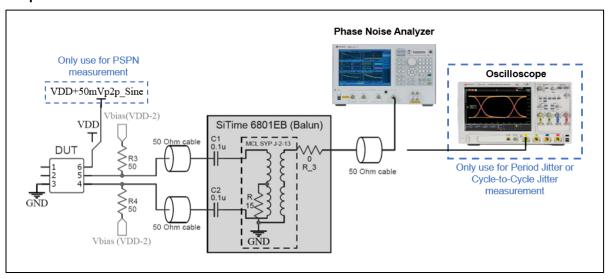


Figure 8. Test setup to measure LVPECL Phase Noise, Period Jitter, Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter, and Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise (PSPN) without filter added^[16]

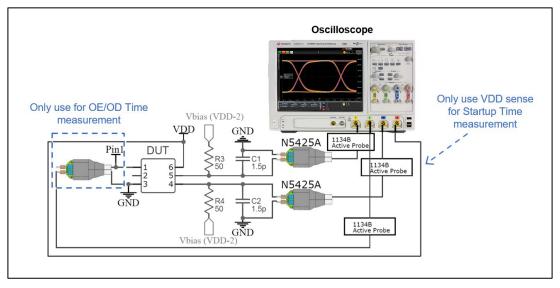


Figure 9. Test setup to measure LVPECL Waveform Characteristics, Current Consumption (with Termination 2)^[17], Output Enable/Disable Time, and Startup Time

Notes

- 16. See Figure 10 for the test setup to measure LVPECL Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise (PSPN) with filter added.
- 17. See Figure 11 for the test setup to measure LVPECL Current Consumption with Termination 1 or without Termination.



Test Setups for FlexSwing Measurements^[18]

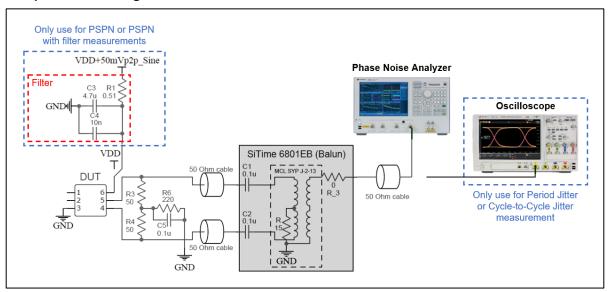


Figure 10. Test setup to measure FlexSwing Phase Noise, Period Jitter, Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter, and Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise (PSPN) with and without filter added^[19]

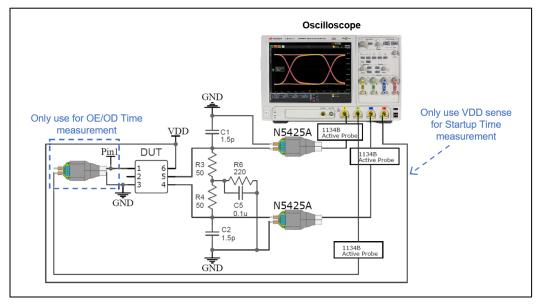


Figure 11. Test setup to measure FlexSwing Waveform Characteristics, Current Consumption^[20], Output Enable/Disable Time, and Startup Time

Note

- 18. The same test circuits are used for FlexSwing referenced to VDD and FlexSwing referenced to GND.
- 19. Test setup is also used to measure LVPECL Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise (PSPN) with filter added.
- 20. Test setup is also used to measure LVPECL Current Consumption with Termination 1 or without Termination.



Test Setups for LVDS Measurements

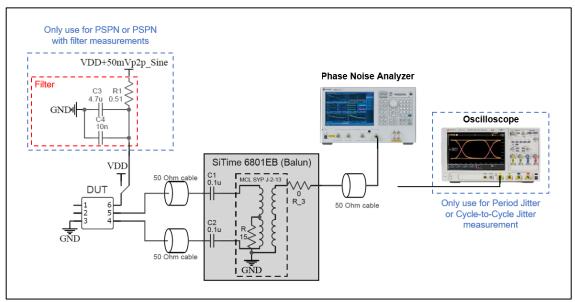


Figure 12. Test setup to measure LVDS Phase Noise, Period Jitter, Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter, and Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise (PSPN) with and without filter added

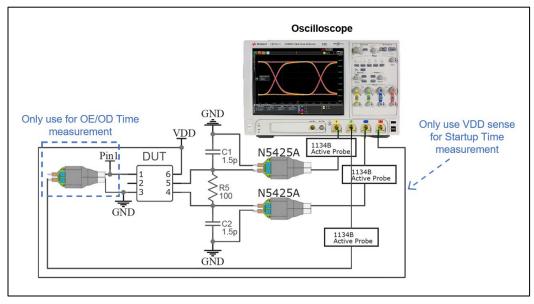


Figure 13. Test setup to measure LVDS Waveform Characteristics, Current Consumption, Output Enable/Disable Time, and Startup Time



Test Setups for HCSL Measurements

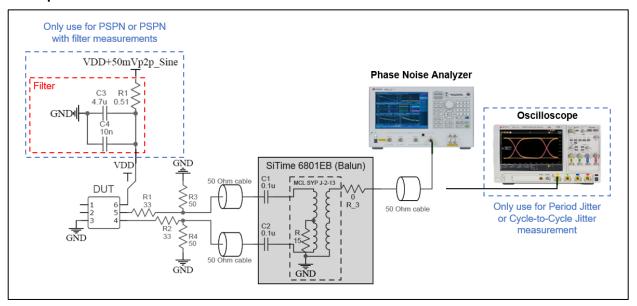


Figure 14. Test setup to measure HCSL Phase Noise, Period Jitter, Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter, and Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise (PSPN) with and without filter added

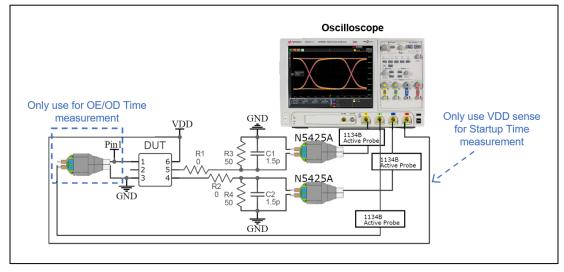


Figure 15. Test setup to measure HCSL Waveform Characteristics, Current Consumption, Output Enable/Disable Time, and Startup Time



Test Setups for Low-Power HCSL Measurements

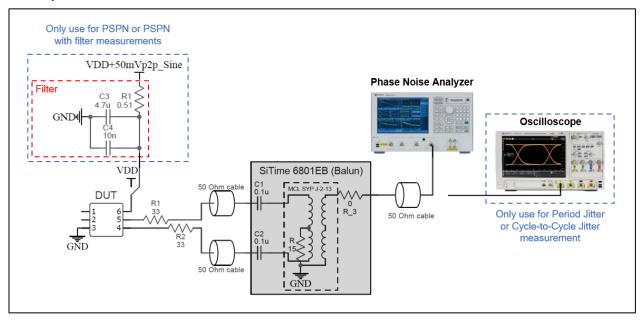


Figure 16. Test setup to measure Low-Power HCSL Phase Noise, Period Jitter, Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter, and Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise (PSPN) with and without filter added

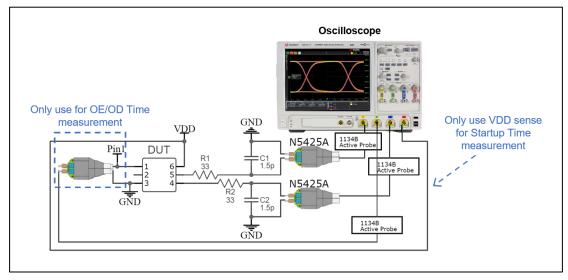


Figure 17. Test setup to measure Low-Power HCSL Waveform Characteristics, Current Consumption, Output Enable/Disable Time, and Startup Time



Waveform Diagrams

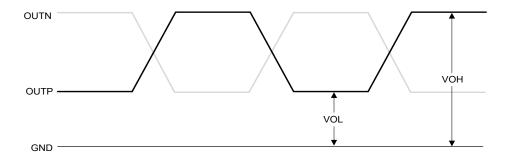


Figure 18. LVPECL, HCSL, Low-Power HCSL, and FlexSwing Voltage Levels per Differential Pin

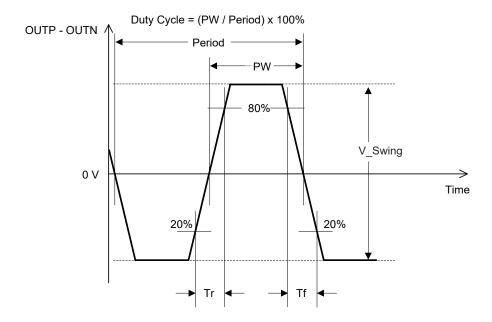


Figure 19. LVPECL, LVDS, HCSL, Low-Power HCSL, and FlexSwing Voltage Levels Across Differential Pair

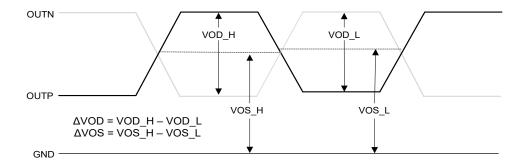


Figure 20. LVDS Voltage Levels per Differential Pin



Waveform Diagrams (continued)

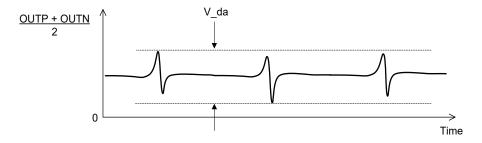


Figure 21. Differential Asymmetry (V_da)

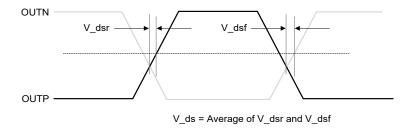


Figure 22. Differential Skew (V_ds) is measured as the Time between the Average Voltage Level and Crossing Voltage

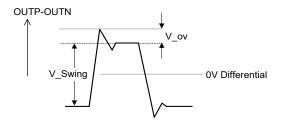


Figure 23. Overshoot Voltage (V_ov) for LVPECL, FlexSwing, HCSL, Low-power HCSL

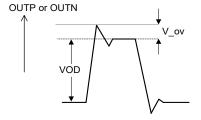


Figure 24. Overshoot Voltage (V_ov) for LVDS Output

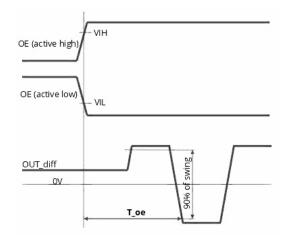


Figure 25. OE Pin Enable Timing (T_oe)

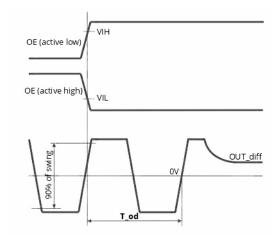


Figure 26. OE Pin Disable Timing (T_od)



Termination Diagrams

LVPECL and FlexSwing Termination

The SiT9505 FlexSwing output drivers support low power without sacrificing signal integrity via simple terminations as shown in Figure 28 and Figure 30, compared to traditional LVPECL drivers. The FlexSwing and LVPECL outputs are

voltage-mode drivers. Use the table and figures below to select a termination circuit for the desired supply voltage. The table also provides LVPECL current consumption (I load) into the load termination.

Table 19. Termination Options for LVPECL and FlexSwing Signaling

Cianalina	Supply Voltage	Termination Options											
Signaling	Order Codes	Figure 27 Figure 28		Figure 29	Figure 30	Figure 31	Figure 32						
		OK to use		OK to use		OK to use							
LVPECL referenced to Vdd	"25", "33", "XX"	I_load = 40 mA with 100 Ω near- end bias resistor	100 Ω near-		OK to use	I_load = 28 mA	Do Not Use						
FlexSwing referenced to Vdd		OK to use (see		OK to use ²²	OK to use	OK to use	Do Not Use						
FlexSwing referenced to Gnd	"25", "33", "XX", "YY"	OK to use ²¹	Figure 28 for frequency ranges and voltage	Do Not Use	OK to use	Do Not Use	Do Not Use						
	"18"		swings)	Do Not Use	OK to use	Do Not Use	OK to use						

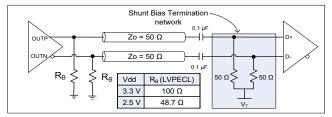


Figure 27. Recommended LVPECL and FlexSwing^[21]
Termination when AC-coupled

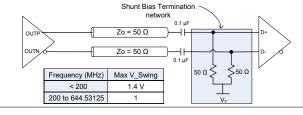


Figure 28. Recommended FlexSwing Termination when AC-coupled

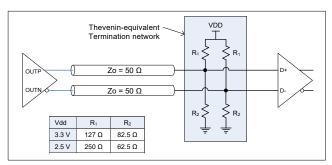


Figure 29. LVPECL and FlexSwing DC-coupled Load Termination with Thevenin Equivalent Network^[22]

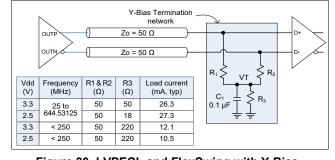


Figure 30. LVPECL and FlexSwing with Y-Bias Termination

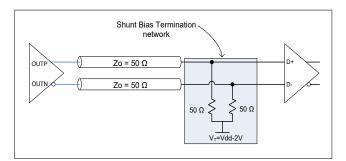


Figure 31. LVPECL and FlexSwing with DC-coupled Parallel Shunt Load Termination

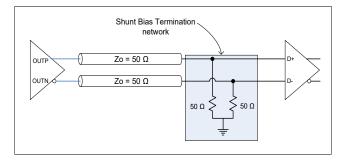
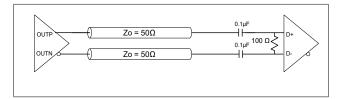


Figure 32. FlexSwing Termination – Only for use with Supply Voltage Order Code "18"



Termination Diagrams (continued)

LVDS, Supply Voltage: 1.8 V ±5%, 2.5 V ±10%, 3.3 V ±10%, 2.25 V to 3.63 V, 1.71 V to 3.63 V



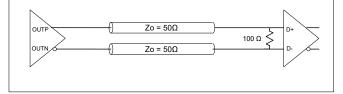
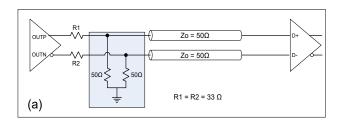


Figure 33. LVDS AC Termination

Figure 34. LVDS DC Termination at the Load

HCSL, Supply Voltage: 1.8 V ±5%, 2.5 V ±10%, 3.3 V ±10%, 2.25 V to 3.63 V, 1.71 V to 3.63 V



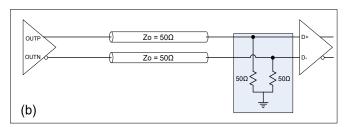


Figure 35. (a) HCSL Source Termination and (b) HCSL Load Termination

Low-power HCSL, Supply Voltage: 1.8 V ±5%, 2.5 V ±10%, 3.3 V ±10%, 2.25 V to 3.63 V, 1.71 V to 3.63 V

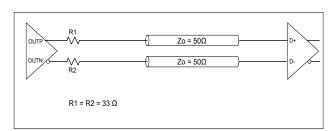


Figure 36. Low-power HCSL Termination

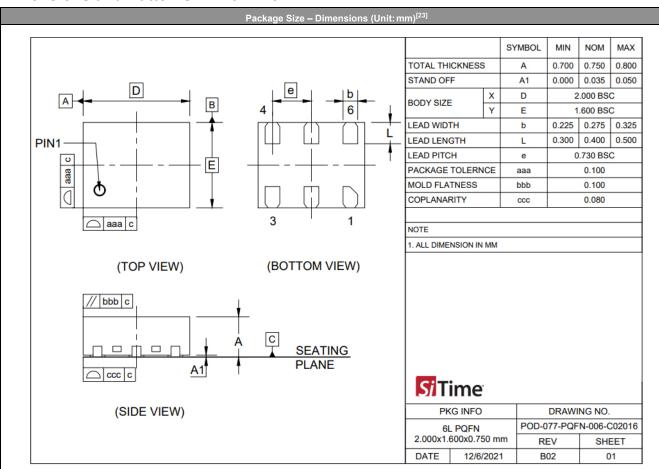
Notes:

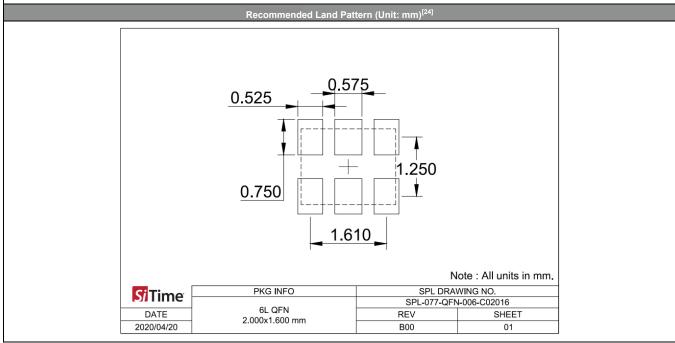
21. Contact SiTime for optimum $R_{\mbox{\scriptsize B}}$ values for FlexSwing options.

22. Contact SiTime for optimum R1 and R2 values for FlexSwing options.



Dimensions and Patterns — 2.0 x 1.6 mm x mm



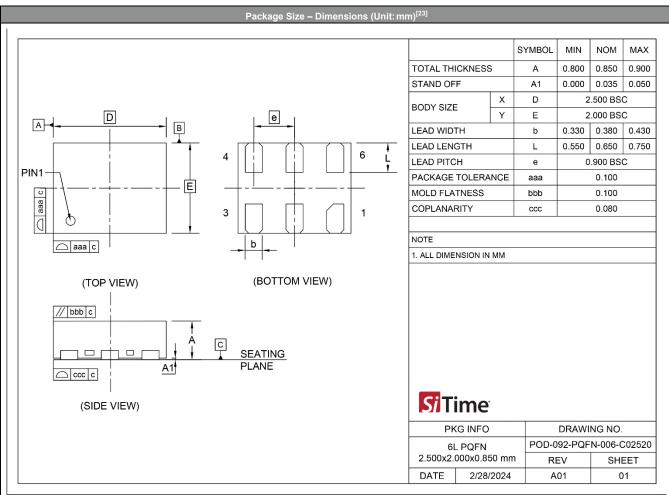


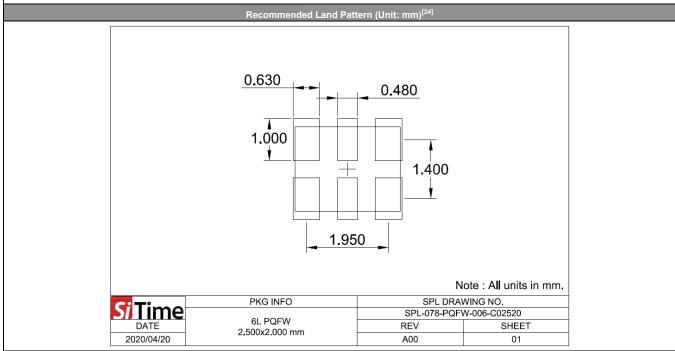
Notes:

- 23. Top Marking: Y denotes manufacturing origin and XXXX denotes manufacturing lot number. The value of "Y" will depend on the assembly location of the device.
- 24. A capacitor of value 0.1 μF or higher between VDD and GND is required. An additional 10 μF capacitor between VDD and GND is required for the best phase jitter performance.



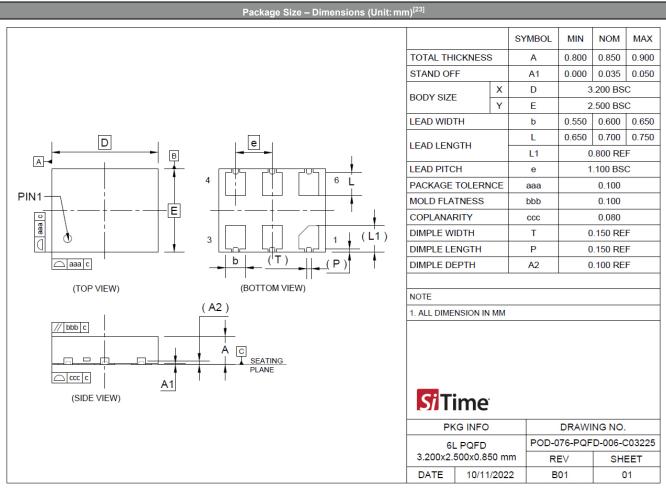
Dimensions and Patterns — 2.5 x 2.0 mm x mm

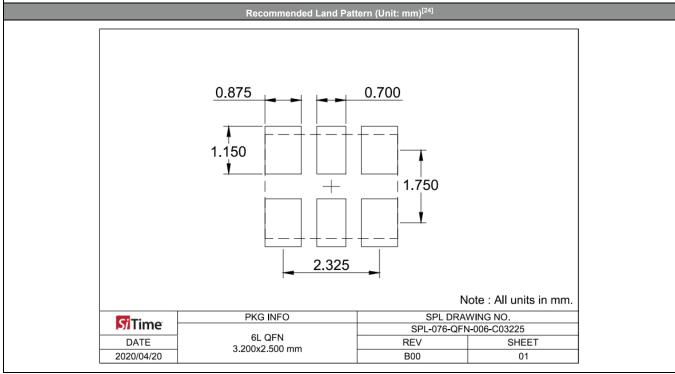






Dimensions and Patterns — 3.2 x 2.5 mm x mm







Additional Information

Table 20. Additional Information

Document	Description	Download Link
ECCN #: EAR99	Five character designation used on the commerce Control List (CCL) to identify dual use items for export control purposes.	
HTS Classification Code: 8542.39.0000	A Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS) code developed by the World Customs Organization to classify/define internationally traded goods.	_
Manufacturing Notes	Tape & Reel dimension, reflow profile and other manufacturing related info	https://www.sitime.com/support/resource-library/manufacturing-notes-sitime-products
Termination Techniques	Termination design recommendations	http://www.sitime.com/support/application-notes
Layout Techniques	Layout recommendations	http://www.sitime.com/support/application-notes
Evaluation Boards	SiT6760EB	https://www.sitime.com/support/resource-library/user-manuals/sit6760eb-evaluation-board-user-manual



Revision History

Table 21. Revision History

Revision	Release Date	Change Summary
0.5	27-Apr-2020	Advanced datasheet
0.51	18-May-2020	Formatting changes Fixed typos Added 2016 and 2520 packages
0.52	1-Jun-2020	Formatting changes Updated package drawings
0.53	2-Aug-2020	Modified Termination Diagrams section
0.54	23-Sep-2020	Modified LVPECL, FlexSwing, LVDS current consumption specifications Modified phase jitter specification Added FlexSwing order codes Added 250u T&R order code Changed rev table date format
0.55	23-Oct-2020	Trademarks update Modified termination for HCSL and low-power HCSL rise/fall time specs
0.56	15-Dec-2020	Updated current consumption
0.57	5-Jan-2021	Updated FlexSwing Electrical Characteristics tables and description Formatting updates
0.58	20-Jan-2022	General Updates
0.59	21-Mar-2022	General Updates
0.9	29-Jul-2022	Added Test Diagrams section Updated Electrical Characteristics tables and descriptions
0.91	1-Aug-2022	Preliminary datasheet
0.92	12-Aug-2022	Updated Test Diagrams and formatting
0.93	15-Aug-2022	Added additional jitter integration bandwidths Updated Disclaimer
0.94	11-Jan-2023	Updated Dimensions & Pattern diagrams
0.95	20-June-2023	Added 4-16A Phase Jitter specification and how to measure section
0.96	22-Aug-2023	Formatting changes to phase jitter specs
1.0	1-Nov-2024	Updated 2520 package Dimensions drawing Rev 1.0 Production Release

SiTime Corporation, 5451 Patrick Henry Drive, Santa Clara, CA 95054, USA | Phone: +1-408-328-4400 | Fax: +1-408-328-4439

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