

Description

The SiT9371 is a differential oscillator with an integrated MEMS resonator (such as ApexMEMS™), that is engineered for ultra-low-jitter PCIe applications at 100.000000 MHz.

The SiT9371 can be factory programmed for specific combinations of stability, output signaling, voltage, and output enable functionality. Programmability enables designers to optimize clock configurations while eliminating long lead times and customization costs associated with quartz devices where each combination is custom built.

The programmability of this device makes it ideal for communications, enterprise, and industrial applications that require a variety of conditions and operate in noisy environments. This device also integrates multiple on-chip regulators to filter power supply noise, eliminating the need for an external dedicated LDO.

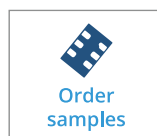
Refer to [Manufacturing Notes](#) for proper reflow profile, tape and reel dimension, and other manufacturing related information.

Features

- 100.000000MHz standard frequency
- PCIe Gen 1 to 6 compliant
- 15 fs RMS typical phase jitter, per PCIe Gen 5 standard
- 10 fs RMS typical phase jitter, per PCIe Gen 6 standard
- 9 fs/mV typical PSNR
- LVPECL, LVDS, HCSL, Low-power HCSL signaling options.
- ± 20 , ± 25 , ± 30 , and ± 50 ppm frequency stabilities
- Wide temperature range (-40°C to 105°C)
- Factory programmable options for low lead time
- 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V, and wide continuous power supply voltage range options
- 2.0 x 1.6, 2.5 x 2.0, 3.2 x 2.5 mm x mm package

Applications

- PCIe Gen 1 to 6
- Compute Express Link (CXL)
- Universal Chiplet Interconnect Express (UCIe)
- Network switches, routers
- Industrial networking equipment
- Server and storage systems
- Test and measurement



Block Diagram

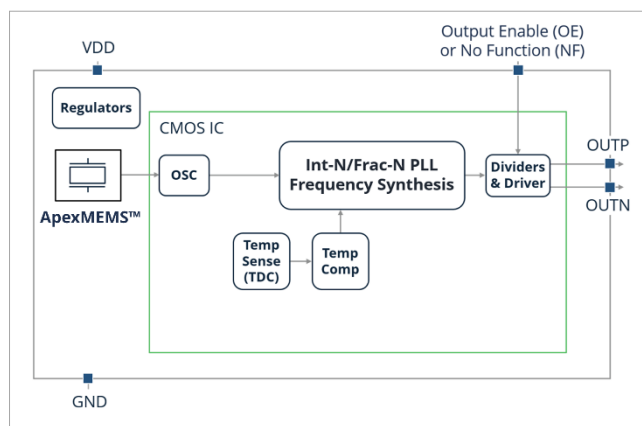


Figure 1. SiT9371 Block Diagram

Package Pinout

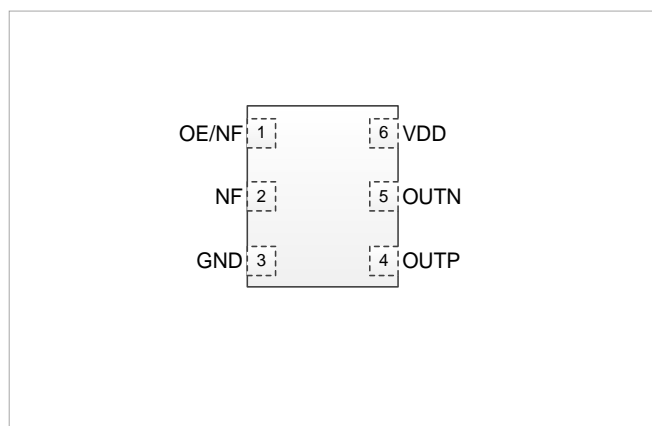
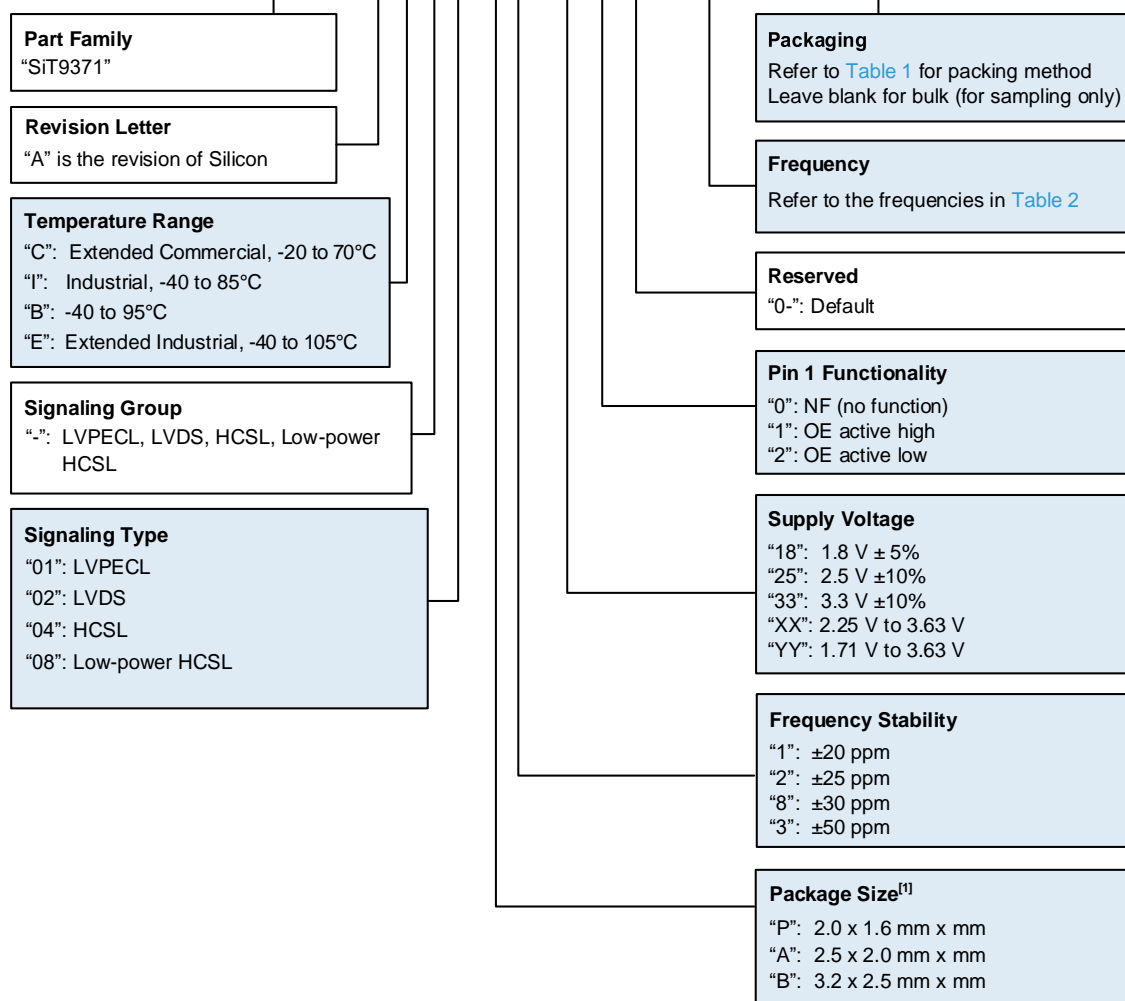


Figure 2. Pin Assignments (Top view)
(Refer to [Table 13](#) for Pin Descriptions)

Ordering Information

SiT9371AC-01B2-3310-100.000000D



Note:

1. [Contact SiTime](#) for other package sizes.
2. [Contact SiTime](#) for Spread Spectrum option for EMI reduction.

Table 1. Ordering Codes for Supported Tape & Reel Packing Method

Device Size (mm x mm)	8 mm T&R (3ku)	8 mm T&R (1ku)	8 mm T&R (250u)
2.0 x 1.6	D	E	G
2.5 x 2.0	D	E	G
3.2 x 2.5	D	E	G

Table 2. Supported Frequencies

100.000000 MHz	
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Electrical Characteristics

All Min and Max limits in the Electrical Characteristics tables are specified over operating temperature and rated operating voltage with standard output termination shown in the termination diagrams. Typical values are at 25°C and nominal supply voltage. See [Test Circuit Diagrams](#) for the test setups used with each signaling type.

Table 3. Electrical Characteristics – Common to All Output Signaling Types

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Frequency Range						
Output Frequency Range	f	100.0000			MHz	
Frequency Stability						
Frequency Stability	F_stab	–	–	±20	ppm	Inclusive of initial tolerance, operating temperature, rated power supply voltage, load variation of 2 pF ± 10%, and 10 years aging at 85°C
		–	–	±25	ppm	
		–	–	±30	ppm	
		–	–	±50	ppm	
10 Year Aging	F_10y	–	±0.7	±2.3	ppm	Ambient temperature of 85°C
Temperature Range						
Operating Temperature Range	T_use	-20	–	+70	°C	Extended commercial, ambient temperature
		-40	–	+85	°C	Industrial, ambient temperature
		-40	–	+95	°C	Ambient temperature
		-40	–	+105	°C	Extended industrial, ambient temperature
Supply Voltage						
Supply Voltage	Vdd	1.71	–	3.63	V	Voltage-supply order code “YY”
		2.25	–	3.63	V	Voltage-supply order code “XX”
		1.71	1.80	1.89	V	Voltage-supply order code “18”. Contact SiTime for 1.5 V
		2.25	2.50	2.75	V	Voltage-supply order code “25”
		2.97	3.30	3.63	V	Voltage-supply order code “33”
Input Characteristics						
Input Voltage High	VIH	70%	–	–	Vdd	Logic High function for Pin 1
Input Voltage Low	VIL	–	–	30%	Vdd	Logic High function for Pin 1
Input Pull-up/Pull-down Impedance	Z_in	112.9	120	133.4	kΩ	Pin 1 for OE function
Output Characteristics						
Duty Cycle	DC	48	–	52	%	See Figure 13 for waveform.
Startup, OE and SE Timing						
Startup Time	T_start	–	1.2	2	ms	Measured from the time Vdd reaches its rated minimum value
Output Enable Time 1	T_oe	–	–	100+3 clock cycles	ns	For all signaling types except Low-Power HCSL. Measured from the time OE pin toggles to enable logic level to the time clock pins reach 90% of final swing. See Figure 19 for waveform.
Output Enable Time 2	T_oe	–	–	500+3 clock cycles	ns	For Low-Power HCSL signaling type. Measured from the time OE pin toggles to enable logic level to the time clock pins reach 90% of final swing. See Figure 19 for waveform.
Output Disable Time	T_od	–	–	100+3 clock cycles	ns	Measured from the time OE pin toggles to disable logic level to the last clock edge. See Figure 20 for waveform.
Jitter ^[3] , measured at f = 100 MHz						
PCIe rms Phase Jitter, Gen 6	T_phj_g6	–	10	13	fs	Compare with PCIe Gen 6 (64 GT/s) limit of 100 fs rms
PCIe rms Phase Jitter, Gen 5	T_phj_g5	–	15	20	fs	Compare with PCIe Gen 5 (32 GT/s) limit of 150 fs rms
PCIe rms Phase Jitter, Gen 3 and Gen 4	T_phj_g3g4	–	40	50	fs	Compare with PCIe Gen 4 (16 GT/s) limit of 500 fs rms and Gen 3 (8 GT/s) limit of 1000 fs rms
PCIe rms Phase Jitter, Gen 2	T_phj_g2	–	140	165	fs	Compare with PCIe Gen 2 (5 GT/s) limit of 3100 fs rms
PCIe pp Phase Jitter, Gen 1	T_phj_g1	–	1500	1850	fs	Compare with PCIe Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s) limit of 86,000 fs pp

Note:

- Measured according to PCI Express Base Specification Revision 6.0.1 common clock requirements documented in section 8.6.7 with jitter filter functions specified in section 8.6.6.2..

Table 4. Electrical Characteristics – LVPECL | Supply voltage (“order code”): 2.5 V $\pm 10\%$ (“25”), 3.3 V $\pm 10\%$ (“33”), 2.25 V to 3.63 V (“XX”). All typical specifications are measured at nominal supply voltage of 2.5 V. See [Figure 4](#) and [Figure 5](#) for test setups.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Current Consumption						
Current Consumption, Output Enabled without Termination	Idd_oe_nt	–	35.5	42.5	mA	Excluding load termination current
Current Consumption, Output Enabled with Termination 1	Idd_oe_wt1	–	46	56	mA	Including load termination current as shown in Figure 23 for Vdd=3.3 V $\pm 10\%$, Vdd=2.25 V to 3.63 V and R3=220 Ohms
		–	46	52	mA	Including load termination current as shown in Figure 23 for Vdd=2.5 V $\pm 10\%$ and R3=220 Ohms
Current Consumption, Output Enabled with Termination 2	Idd_oe_wt2	–	62	68	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 24 for termination
Current Consumption Output Disabled with Termination 1	Idd_od_wt1	–	53.5	65	mA	Including load termination current as shown in Figure 23 for Vdd=3.3 V $\pm 10\%$, Vdd=2.25 V to 3.63 V and R3=220 Ohms. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.
		–	53.5	61	mA	Including load termination current as shown in Figure 23 for Vdd=2.5 V $\pm 10\%$ and R3=220 Ohms. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.
Current Consumption, Output Disabled with Termination 2	Idd_od_wt2	–	73.5	80	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 24 for termination. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.
Output Characteristics						
Output High Voltage	VOH	Vdd-1.075	Vdd-0.95	Vdd-0.86	V	See Figure 12 for waveform
Output Low Voltage	VOL	Vdd-1.84	Vdd-1.7	Vdd-1.62	V	See Figure 12 for waveform
Output Differential Voltage Swing	V_Swing	1.4	1.5	1.65	V	See Figure 13 for waveform
Rise/Fall Time	Tr, Tf	–	170	200	ps	20% to 80%. See Figure 13 for waveform
Differential Asymmetry, peak-peak	V_da	–	45	–	mV	See Figure 15 for waveform
Differential Skew, peak	V_ds	–	± 30	–	ps	See Figure 16 for waveform
Overshoot Voltage, peak	V_ov	–	12	–	%	Measured as percent of V_Swing. See Figure 17 for waveform
Power Supply Noise Immunity						
Power Supply-Induced Jitter Sensitivity	PSJS	–	9	–	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz
		–	2	–	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 4
Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise	PSPN	–	-79	–	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD
		–	-92	–	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 4

Table 5. Electrical Characteristics – LVDS | Supply voltage (“order code”): 2.5 V \pm 10% (“25”), 3.3 V \pm 10% (“33”), 2.25 V to 3.63 V (“XX”). All typical specifications are measured at nominal supply of 2.5. See [Figure 6](#) and [Figure 7](#) for test setups.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Current Consumption						
Current Consumption, Output Enabled without Termination	Idd_oe_nt	–	32.5	39	mA	Excluding load termination current
Current Consumption, Output Enabled with Termination	Idd_oe_wt	–	36	42	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 26 for termination
Current Consumption Output Disabled with Termination	Idd_od_wt	–	42	48	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 26 for termination. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.
Output Characteristics						
Differential Output Voltage	VOD	250	360	450	mV	See Figure 14 for waveform
Delta VOD	Δ VOD	–	–	50	mV	See Figure 14 for waveform
Offset Voltage	VOS	1.125	1.25	1.375	V	See Figure 14 for waveform
Delta VOS	Δ VOS	–	–	50	mV	See Figure 14 for waveform
Rise/Fall Time	Tr, Tf	–	290	330	ps	Measured 20% to 80% using Figure 26 for termination. See Figure 13 for waveform
Differential Asymmetry, peak-peak	V_da	–	25	–	mV	See Figure 15 for waveform
Differential Skew, peak	V_ds	–	\pm 40	–	ps	See Figure 16 for waveform
Overshoot Voltage, peak	V_ov	–	8	–	%	Measured as percent of VOD. See Figure 18 for waveform
Power Supply Noise Immunity						
Power Supply-Induced Jitter Sensitivity	PSJS	–	15	–	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz
		–	3.5	–	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 6
Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise	PSPN	–	-75	–	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD
		–	-88	–	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 6

Table 6. Electrical Characteristics – LVDS | Supply voltage (“order code”): 1.8 V \pm 5% (“18”), 1.71 V to 3.63 V (“YY”). All typical specifications are measured at nominal supply of 2.5V. See [Figure 6](#) and [Figure 7](#) for test setups.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Current Consumption						
Current Consumption, Output Enabled without Termination	I _{dd_oe_nt}	–	32.5	39	mA	Excluding load termination current
Current Consumption, Output Enabled with Termination	I _{dd_oe_wt}	–	36	42	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 26 for termination
Current Consumption Output Disabled with Termination	I _{dd_od_wt}	–	42	48	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 26 for termination. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.
Output Characteristics						
Differential Output Voltage	V _{OD}	250	330	450	mV	See Figure 14 for waveform
Delta VOD	Δ V _{OD}	–	–	50	mV	See Figure 14 for waveform
Offset Voltage	V _{OS}	1.125	1.25	1.375	V	See Figure 14 for waveform
Delta VOS	Δ V _{OS}	–	–	50	mV	See Figure 14 for waveform
Rise/Fall Time	T _r , T _f	–	290	330	ps	Measured 20% to 80% using Figure 26 for termination. See Figure 13 for waveform
Differential Asymmetry, peak-peak	V _{da}	–	25	–	mV	See Figure 15 for waveform
Differential Skew, peak	V _{ds}	–	\pm 40	–	ps	See Figure 16 for waveform
Overshoot Voltage, peak	V _{ov}	–	8	–	%	Measured as percent of V _{OD} . See Figure 18 for waveform
Power Supply Noise Immunity						
Power Supply-Induced Jitter Sensitivity	PSJS	–	17.5	–	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz
		–	3.5	–	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 6
Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise	PSPN	–	-73	–	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD
		–	-88	–	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 6

Table 7. Electrical Characteristics – HCSL | Supply voltage (“order code”): 2.5 V $\pm 10\%$ (“25”), 3.3 V $\pm 10\%$ (“33”), 2.25 V to 3.63 V (“XX”), 1.8 V $\pm 5\%$ (“18”), 1.71 V to 3.63 V (“YY”). All typical specifications are measured at nominal supply of 2.5V. See [Figure 8](#) and [Figure 9](#) for test setups.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Current Consumption						
Current Consumption, Output Enabled without Termination	Idd_oe_nt	–	32	38	mA	Excluding load termination current
Current Consumption, Output Enabled with Termination	Idd_oe_wt	–	46.5	52	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 27 (a) and Figure 27 (b) for termination.
Current Consumption, Output Disabled with Termination	Idd_od_wt	–	52.5	59	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 27 (a) and Figure 27 (b) for termination. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.
Output Characteristics						
Output High Voltage	VOH	0.60	0.7	0.95	V	See Figure 12 for waveform
Output Low Voltage	VOL	-0.1	0	0.1	V	See Figure 12 for waveform
Output Differential Voltage Swing	V_Swing	1.1	1.4	1.6	V	See Figure 13 for waveform
Rise/Fall Time	Tr, Tf	–	340	370	ps	Measured 20% to 80%. See Figure 13 for waveform
Differential Asymmetry, peak-peak	V_da	–	65	–	mV	See Figure 15 for waveform
Differential Skew, peak	V_ds	–	± 70	–	ps	See Figure 16 for waveform
Overshoot Voltage, peak	V_ov	–	0	–	%	Measured as percent of V_Swing. See Figure 17 for waveform
Power Supply Noise Immunity						
Power Supply-Induced Jitter Sensitivity	PSJS	–	27	–	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz
		–	3.5	–	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 8
Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise	PSPN	–	-70	–	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD
		–	-88	–	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 8

Table 8. Electrical Characteristics – Low-Power HCSL | Supply voltage (“order code”): 2.5 V $\pm 10\%$ (“25”), 3.3 V $\pm 10\%$ (“33”), 2.25 V to 3.63 V (“XX”), 1.8 V $\pm 5\%$ (“18”), 1.71 V to 3.63 V (“YY”). All typical specifications are measured at nominal supply of 2.5V. See [Figure 10](#) and [Figure 11](#) for test setups.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Current Consumption						
Current Consumption, Output Enabled without Termination	Idd_oe_nt	–	33	38.5	mA	Excluding load termination current.
Current Consumption, Output Enabled with Termination	Idd_oe_wt	–	33.5	39	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 28 for termination
Current Consumption, Output Disabled with Termination	Idd_od_wt	–	35.5	42	mA	Including load termination current. See Figure 28 for termination. Driver output is at logic-high voltage levels.
Output Characteristics						
Output High Voltage	VOH	0.8	0.9	1.15	V	See Figure 12 for waveform
Output Low Voltage	VOL	-0.1	0	0.1	V	See Figure 12 for waveform
Output Differential Voltage Swing	V_Swing	1.6	1.83	2.0	V	See Figure 13 for waveform
Rise/Fall Time	Tr, Tf	–	330	380	ps	Measured 20% to 80%. See Figure 13 for waveform
Differential Asymmetry, peak-peak	V_da	–	55	–	mV	See Figure 15 for waveform
Differential Skew, peak	V_ds	–	± 30	–	ps	See Figure 16 for waveform
Overshoot Voltage, peak	V_ov	–	1	–	%	Measured as percent of V_Swing. See Figure 17 for waveform
Power Supply Noise Immunity						
Power Supply-Induced Jitter Sensitivity	PSJS	–	18	–	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz
		–	6.5	–	fs/mV	Power supply ripple from 10 kHz to 20 MHz. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 10
Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise	PSPN	–	-73	–	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD
		–	-82	–	dBc	50 mV peak-peak ripple on VDD. Using RC power supply filter as shown in Figure 10

Table 9. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Operation outside the absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the part.
Performance of the IC is only guaranteed within the operational specifications, not at absolute maximum ratings.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Continuous Power Supply Voltage Range (Vdd)		-0.5	4.0	V
Input Voltage, Maximum	Any input pin	–	Vdd + 0.3	V
Input Voltage, Minimum	Any input pin	-0.3	–	V
Storage Temperature		-65	150	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature		–	135	°C

Table 10. Thermal Considerations^[4]

Package	θ_{JA} (°C/W)	Ψ_{JT} (°C/W)	θ_{JB} (°C/W)	$\theta_{JC,Top}$ (°C/W)
3225, 6-pin	101	4.7	23	86
2520, 6-pin	111	3.7	24	116
2016, 6-pin	134	3.4	24	147

Notes:

- θ_{JA} , Ψ_{JT} , θ_{JB} and θ_{JC} are provided according to JEDEC standards 51-2A, 51-7, 51-8, and 51-12.01 with a 25°C ambient and 250 mW power consumption (typical of 1 GHz f_{out}). The conduction thermal resistances θ_{JB} and θ_{JC} are obtained with the assumption that all heat flows from the junction to a heat sink through either the solder pads (θ_{JB}) or the top of the package ($\theta_{JC,Top}$). These may be used in a two-resistor compact model. The values of θ_{JA} and Ψ_{JT} are strongly application dependent, and we report values based on the JEDEC thermal environment. θ_{JA} is the thermal resistance to ambient on a JEDEC PCB - it is a highly conservative estimate, since the JEDEC board does not have vias to PCB planes in the vicinity of the package. Ψ_{JT} can be used to estimate the junction temperature from measurements of the temperature at the top of the package, if the thermal environment is similar to the JEDEC environment.

Table 11. Maximum Operating Junction Temperature^[5]

Max Operating Temperature (ambient)	Maximum Operating Junction Temperature
70°C	85°C
85°C	100°C
95°C	110°C
105°C	120°C

Notes:

- Datasheet specifications are not guaranteed if junction temperature exceeds the maximum operating junction temperature.

Table 12. Environmental Compliance

Parameter	Test Conditions	Value	Unit
Mechanical Shock Resistance	MIL-STD-883F, Method 2002	10,000	g
Mechanical Vibration Resistance	MIL-STD-883F, Method 2007	70	g
Soldering Temperature (follow standard Pb free soldering guidelines) ^[6]	MIL-STD-883F, Method 2003	260	°C
Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL1 @ 260°C		
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM)	HBM, JESD22-A114	2,000	V
Charge-Device Model ESD Protection	JESD220C101	750	V
Latch-up Tolerance	JESD78 Compliant		

Notes:

- Please refer to [SiTime Manufacturing Notes](#).

Pin Description

Table 13. Pin Description

Pin	Map	Functionality	
1	OE/NF	Output Enable (OE)	H ^[7] : Specified frequency output L ^[8] : OUT: Logic HIGH,
		No Function (NF)	Open, 120 k Ω internal pull-down resistor to GND
2	NF	No Function	H or L or Open: No effect on output frequency or other device functions. ^[9]
3	GND	Power	Power Supply Ground
4	OUTP	Output	Oscillator output
5	OUTN	Output	Complementary oscillator output
6	VDD	Power	Power supply voltage ^[10]

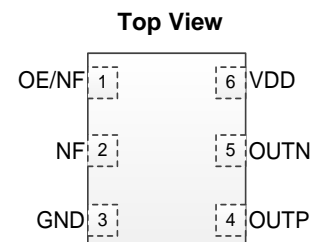


Figure 3. Pin Assignments

Notes:

7. OE pin includes a 120 k Ω internal pull-up resistor to VDD when active high, and a 120 k Ω internal pull-down resistor to GND when active low. In noisy environments, the OE pin is recommended to include an external 10 k Ω resistor (Use 10k Ω pull-up if active high OE; use 10k Ω pull-down if active low OE) when the pin is not externally driven.
8. Differential Logic high means OUTP=VOH, OUTN=VOL.
9. Can be left open. SiTime recommends grounding it for better thermal performance.
10. A capacitor of value 0.1 μ F or higher between VDD and GND pins is required.

Test Circuit Diagrams

A 1.5 pF capacitive load is used at each differential output. Because of the additive input capacitance of the active probe used with the oscilloscope, the output characteristics for all signal types are measured with a total of 2 pF capacitive load.

Test Setups for LVPECL Measurements

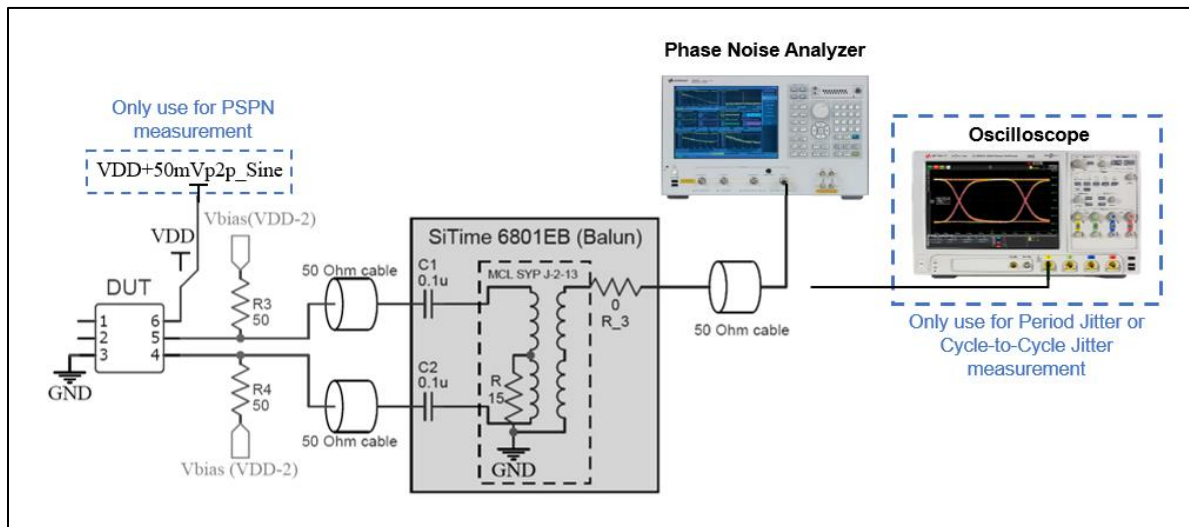


Figure 4. Test setup to measure LVPECL Phase Noise, Period Jitter, Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter, and Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise (PSPN) without filter added^[11]

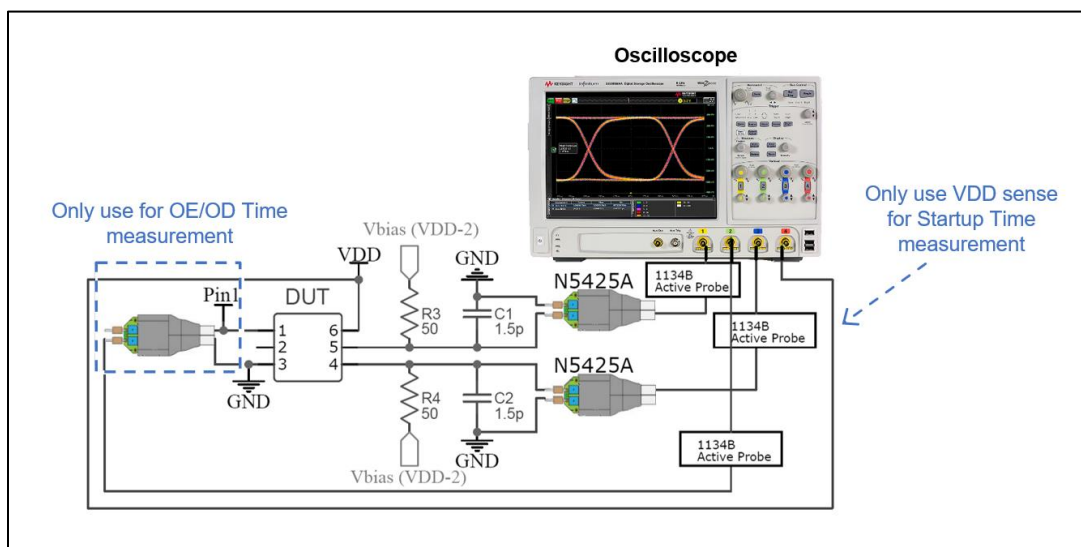


Figure 5. Test setup to measure LVPECL Waveform Characteristics, Current Consumption (with Termination 2)^[12], Output Enable/Disable Time, and Startup Time

Notes:

11. See [Error! Reference source not found.](#) for the test setup to measure LVPECL Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise (PSPN) with filter added.
12. See [Error! Reference source not found.](#) for the test setup to measure LVPECL Current Consumption with Termination 1 or without Termination.

Test Circuit Diagrams (continued)

Test Setups for LVDS Measurements

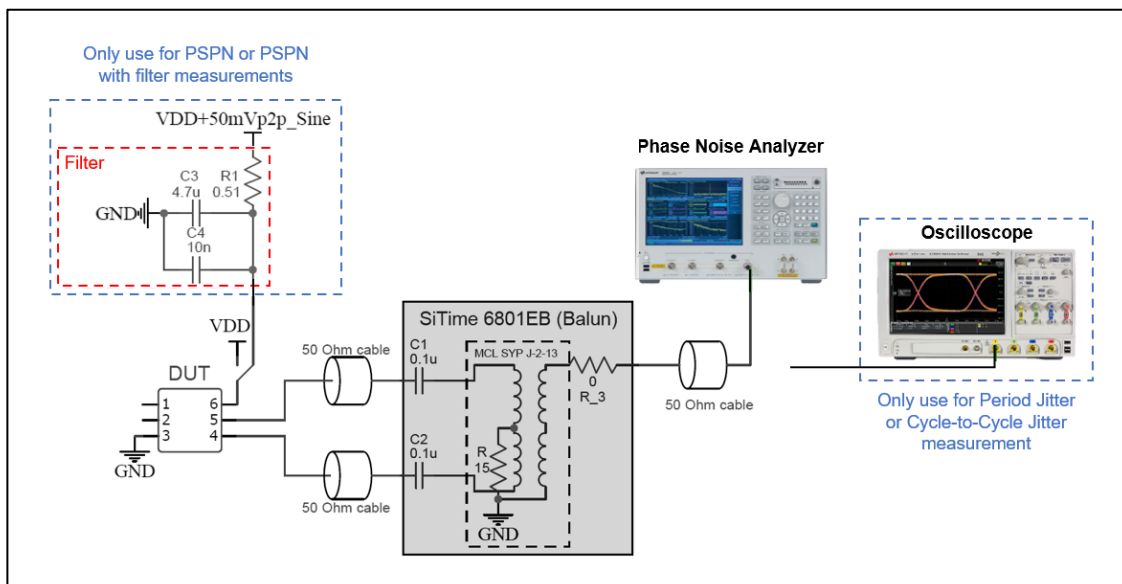


Figure 6. Test setup to measure LVDS Phase Noise, Period Jitter, Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter, and Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise (PSPN) with and without filter added

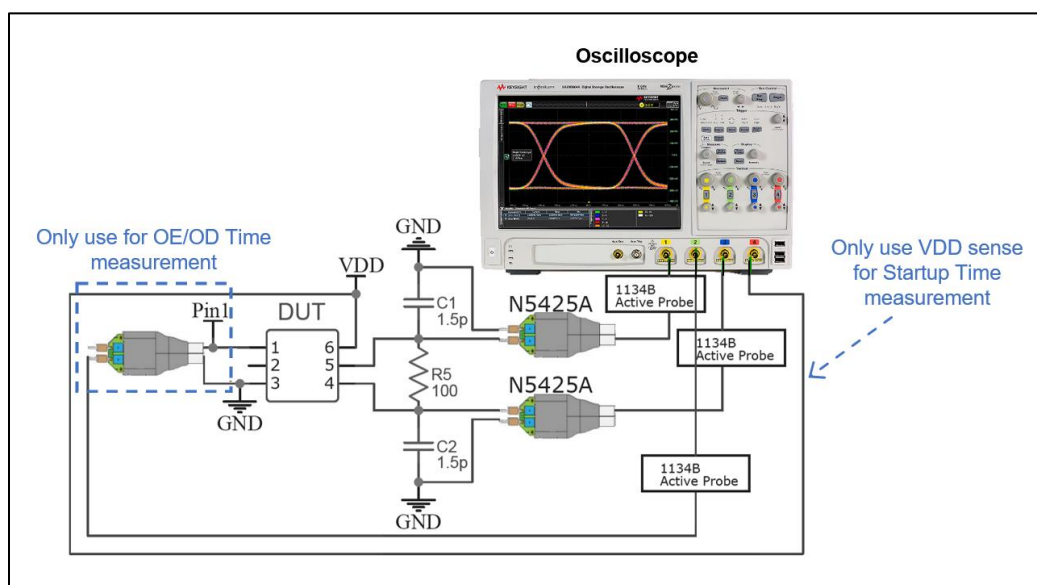


Figure 7. Test setup to measure LVDS Waveform Characteristics, Current Consumption, Output Enable/Disable Time, and Startup Time

Test Circuit Diagrams (continued)

Test Setups for HCSL Measurements

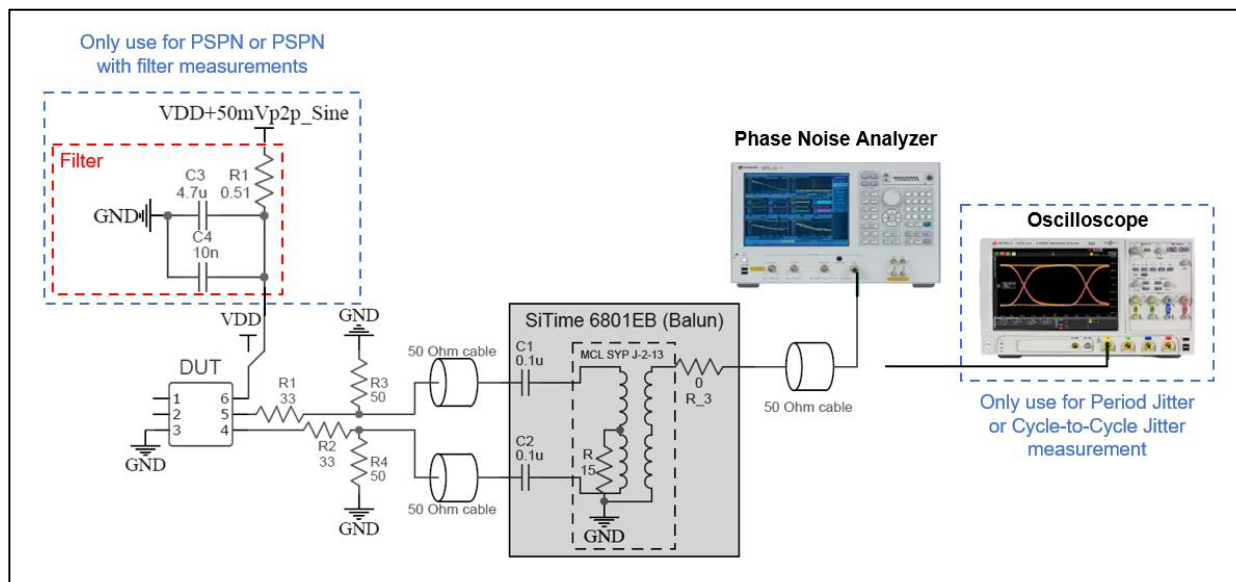


Figure 8. Test setup to measure HCSL Phase Noise, Period Jitter, Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter, and Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise (PSPN) with and without filter added

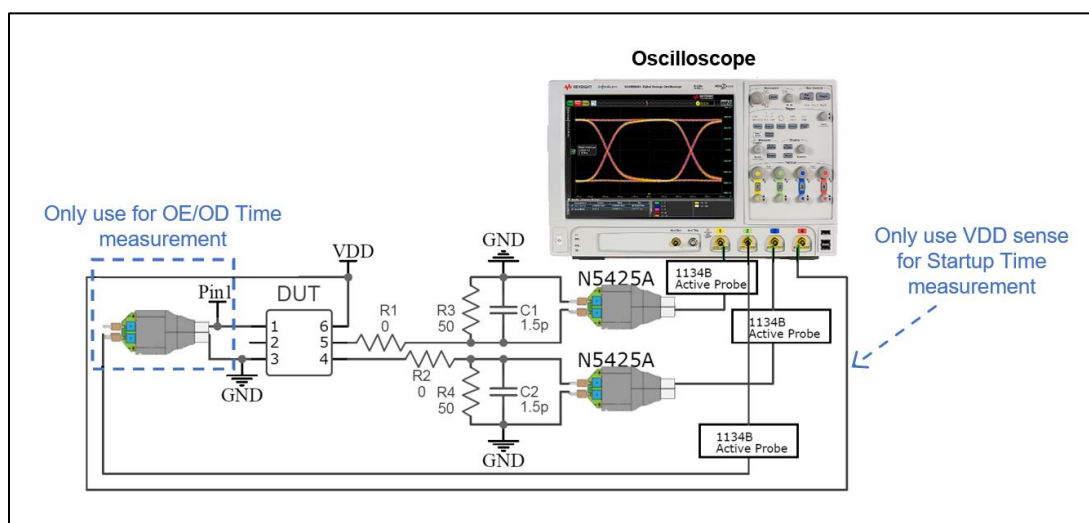


Figure 9. Test setup to measure HCSL Waveform Characteristics, Current Consumption, Output Enable/Disable Time, and Startup Time

Test Circuit Diagrams (continued)

Test Setups for Low-Power HCSL Measurements

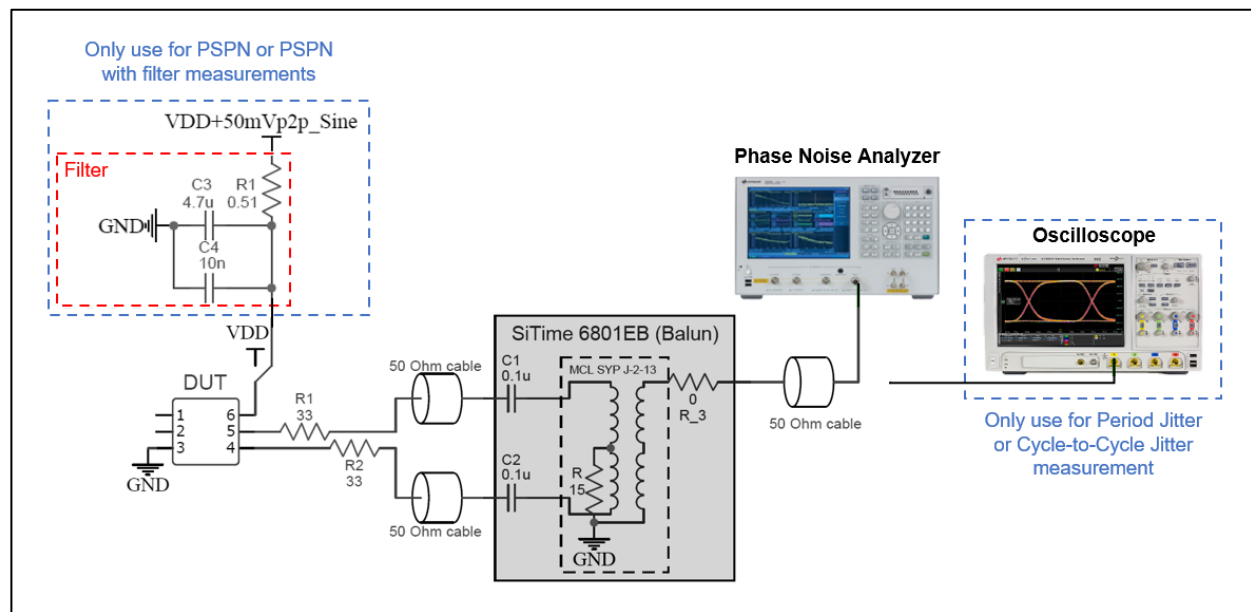


Figure 10. Test setup to measure Low-Power HCSL Phase Noise, Period Jitter, Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter, and Power Supply-Induced Phase Noise (PSPN) with and without filter added

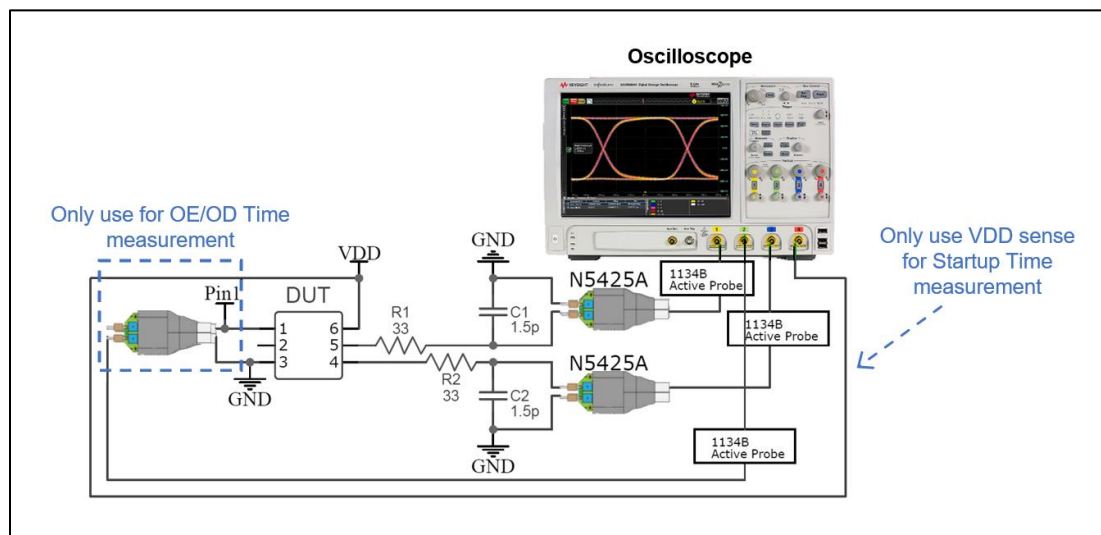


Figure 11. Test setup to measure Low-Power HCSL Waveform Characteristics, Current Consumption, Output Enable/Disable Time, and Startup Time

Waveform Diagrams

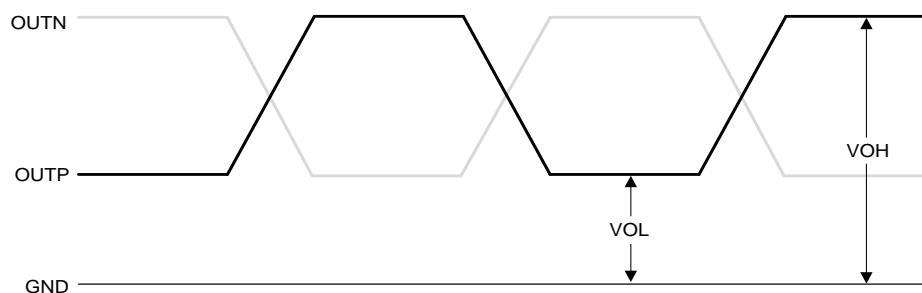


Figure 12. LVPECL, HCSL, and Low-Power HCSL, Voltage Levels per Differential Pin

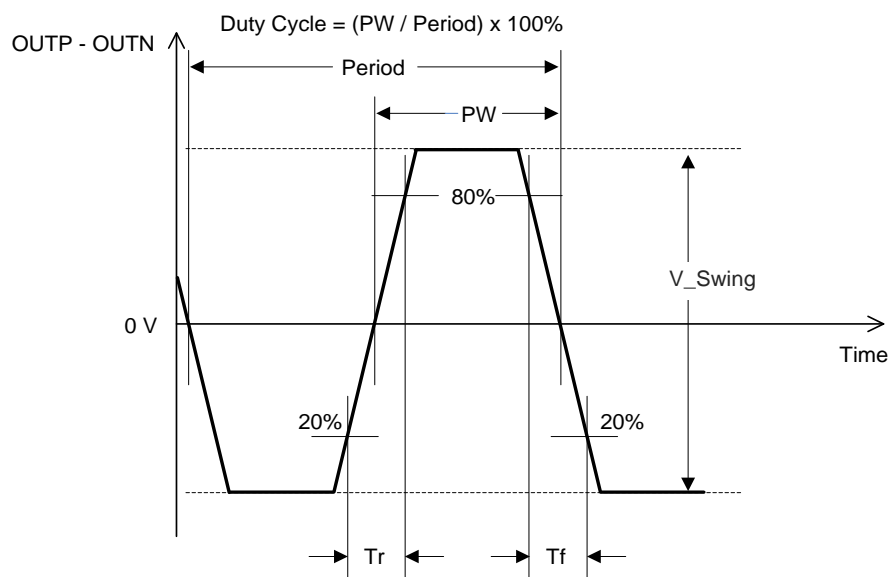


Figure 13. LVPECL, LVDS, HCSL, and Low-Power HCSL Voltage Levels Across Differential Pair

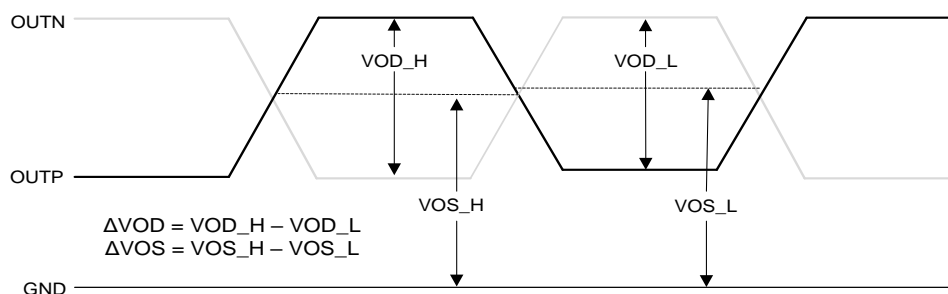


Figure 14. LVDS Voltage Levels per Differential Pin

Waveform Diagrams (continued)

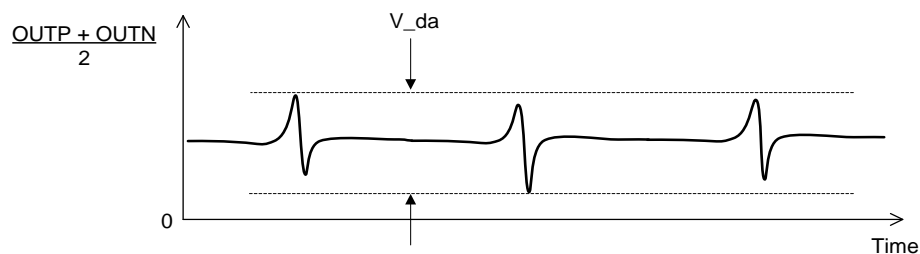


Figure 15. Differential Asymmetry (V_{da})

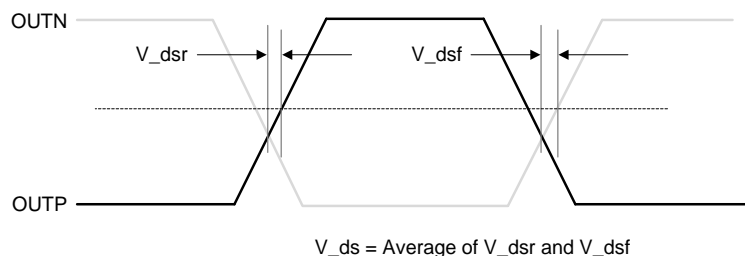


Figure 16. Differential Skew (V_{ds}) is measured as the Time between the Average Voltage Level and Crossing Voltage

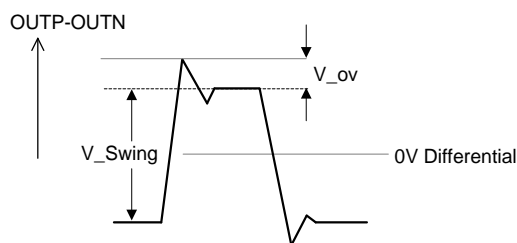


Figure 17. Overshoot Voltage (V_{ov}) for LVPECL, HCSL, Low-power HCSL

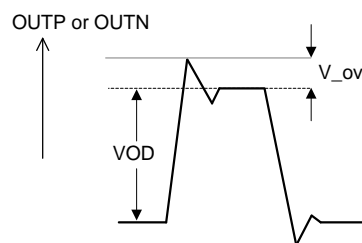


Figure 18. Overshoot Voltage (V_{ov}) for LVDS Output

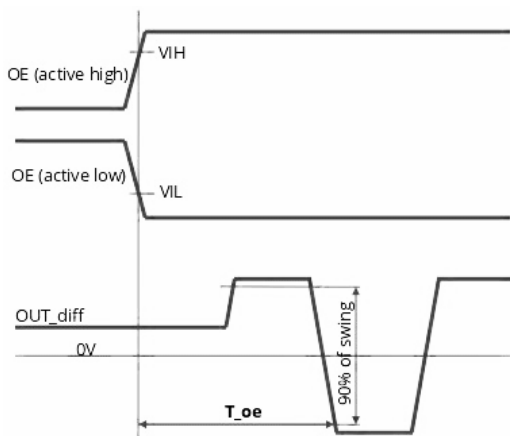


Figure 19. OE Pin Enable Timing (T_{oe})

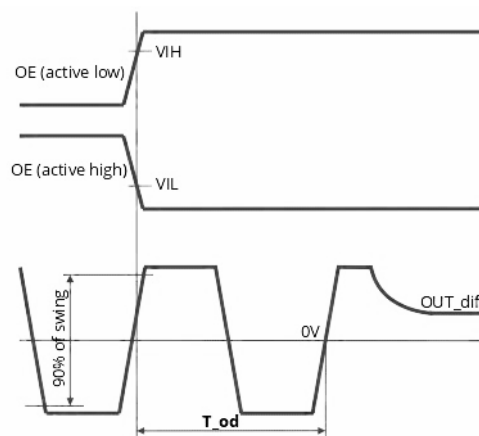


Figure 20. OE Pin Disable Timing (T_{od})

Termination Diagrams

LVPECL Termination

. The table below provides LVPECL current consumption (I_load) into the load termination.

Table 14. Termination Options for LVPECL Signaling

Signaling	Supply Voltage Order Codes	Termination Options			
		Figure 23	Figure 25	Figure 26	Figure 27
LVPECL referenced to Vdd	"25", "33", "XX"	OK to use I_load = 40 mA with 100 Ω near-end bias resistor	OK to use I_load = 28mA	OK to use	OK to use I_load = 28mA

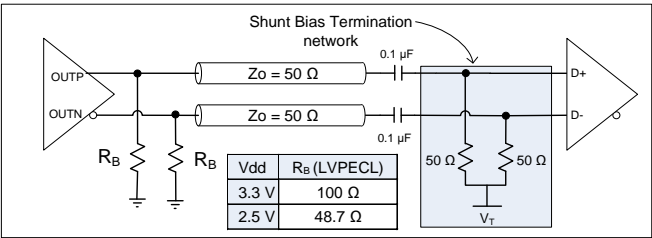


Figure 21. Recommended LVPECL Termination when AC-coupled

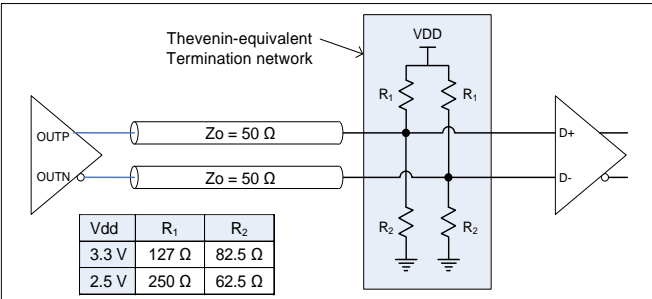


Figure 22. LVPECL DC-coupled Load Termination with Thevenin Equivalent Network^[14]

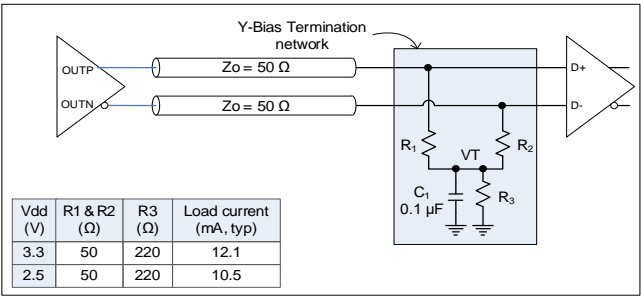


Figure 23. LVPECL with DC-coupled Parallel Shunt Load Termination

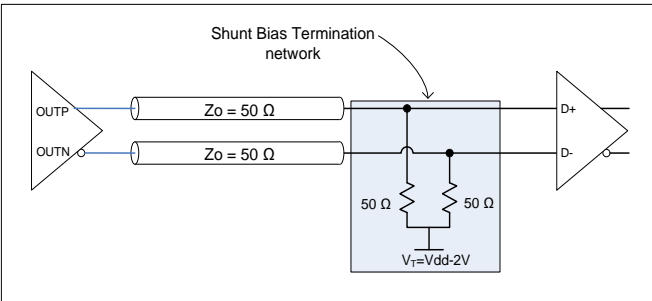


Figure 24. LVPECL with Y-Bias Termination

Termination Diagrams (continued)

LVDS, Supply Voltage: 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 10%, 3.3 V \pm 10%, 2.25 V to 3.63 V, 1.71 V to 3.63 V

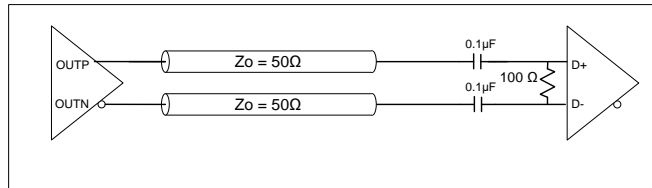


Figure 25. LVDS AC Termination

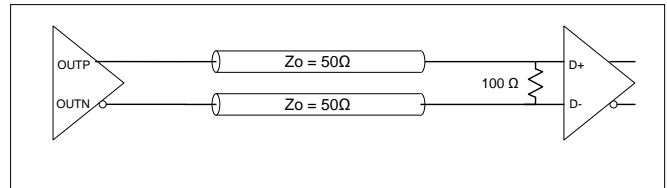


Figure 26. LVDS DC Termination at the Load

HCSL, Supply Voltage: 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 10%, 3.3 V \pm 10%, 2.25 V to 3.63 V, 1.71 V to 3.63 V

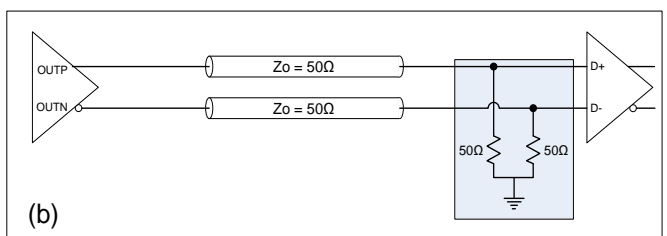
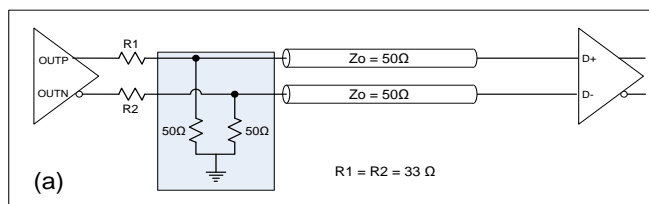


Figure 27. (a) HCSL Source Termination and (b) HCSL Load Termination

Low-power HCSL, Supply Voltage: 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 10%, 3.3 V \pm 10%, 2.25 V to 3.63 V, 1.71 V to 3.63 V

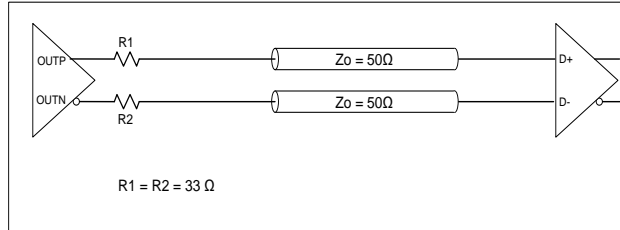
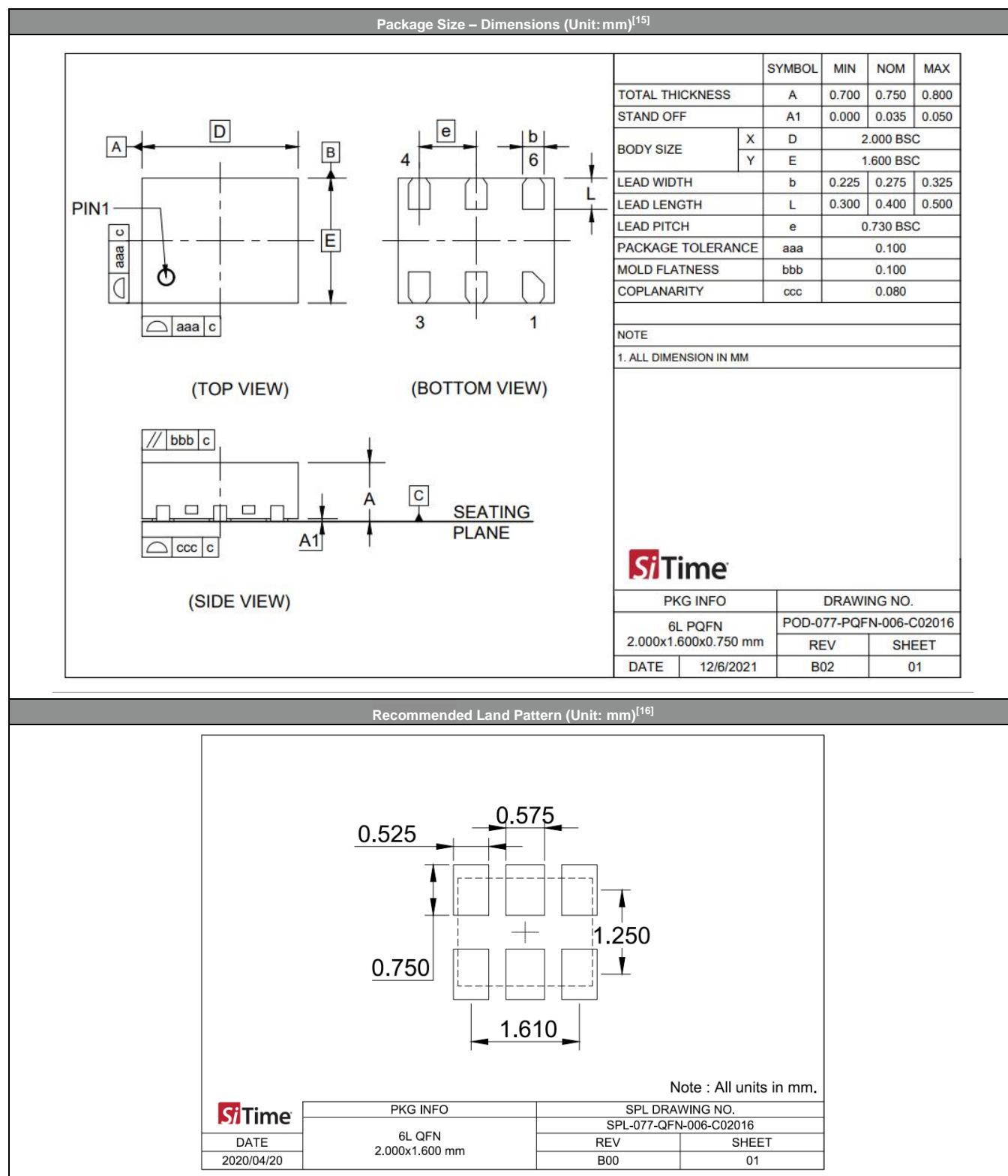


Figure 28. Low-power HCSL Termination

Notes:

13. [Contact SiTime](#) for optimum R_B values for FlexSwing options.
14. [Contact SiTime](#) for optimum R_1 and R_2 values for FlexSwing options.

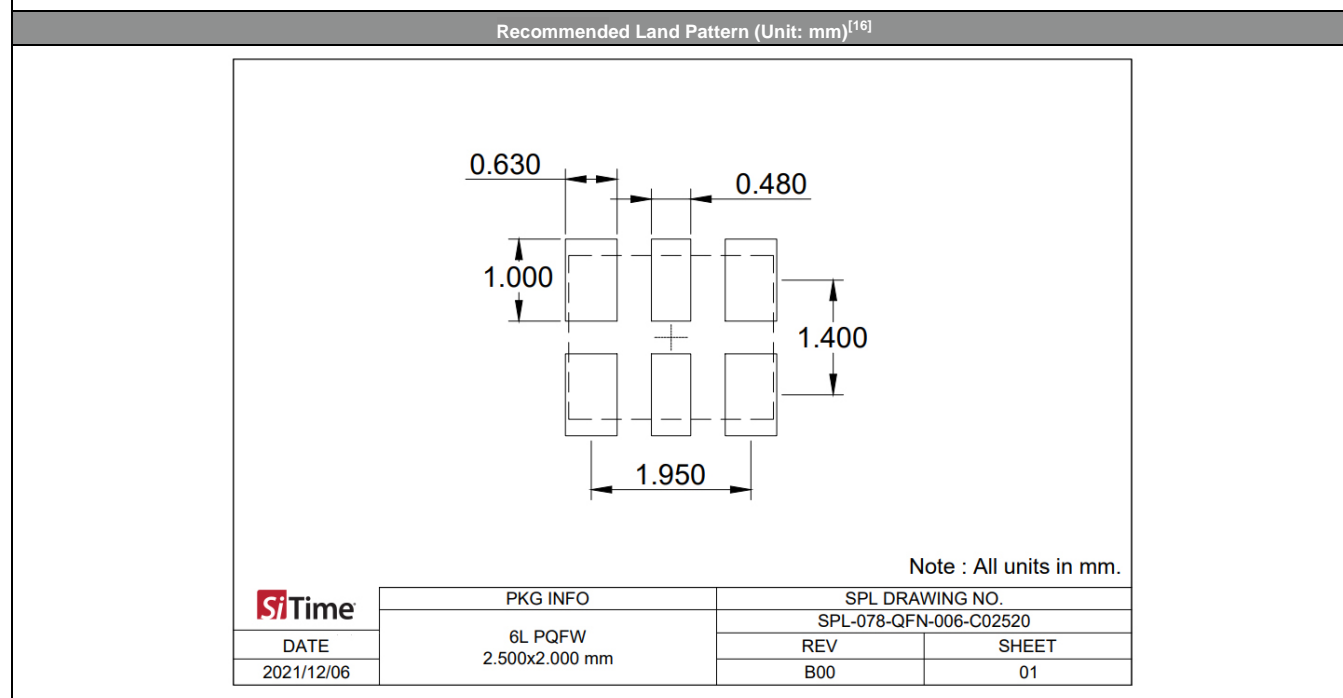
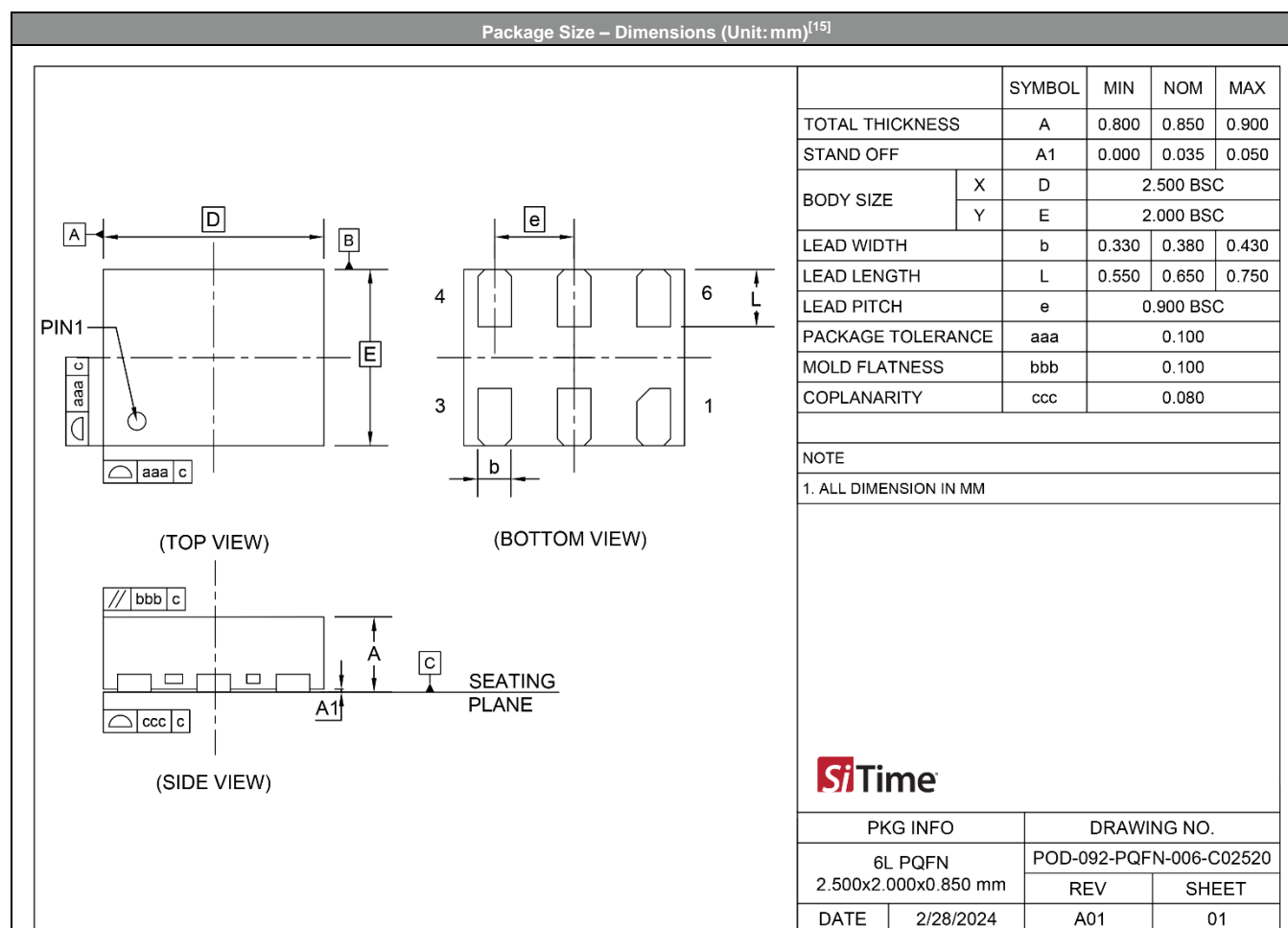
Dimensions and Patterns — 2.0 x 1.6 mm x mm



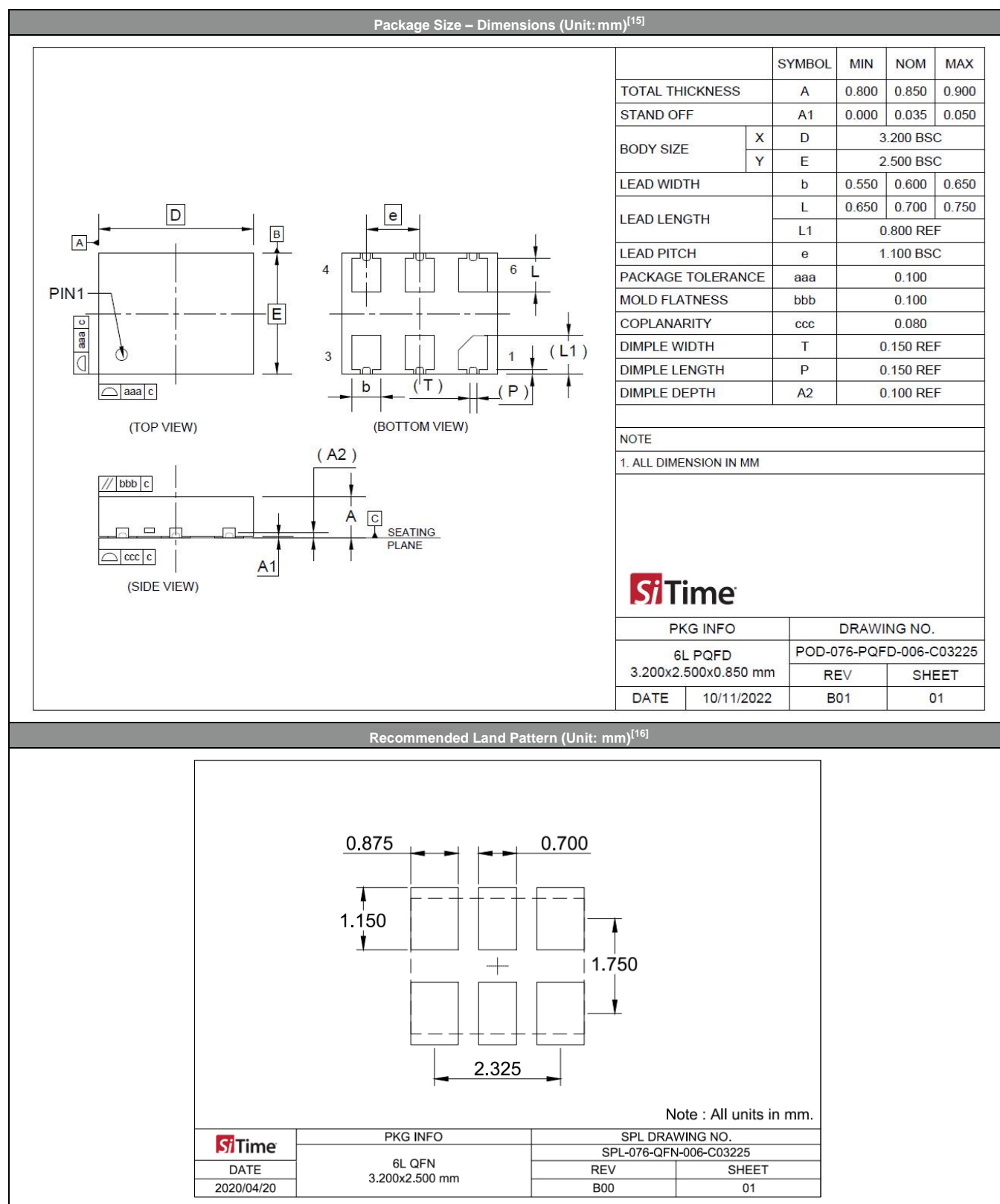
Notes:

15. Top Marking: Y denotes manufacturing origin and XXXX denotes manufacturing lot number. The value of "Y" will depend on the assembly location of the device.
16. A capacitor of value 0.1 μ F or higher between VDD and GND is required. An additional 10 μ F capacitor between VDD and GND is required for the best phase jitter performance.

Dimensions and Patterns — 2.5 x 2.0 mm x mm



Dimensions and Patterns — 3.2 x 2.5 mm x mm



Additional Information

Table 15. Additional Information

Document	Description	Download Link
ECCN #: EAR99	Five character designation used on the commerce Control List (CCL) to identify dual use items for export control purposes.	—
HTS Classification Code: 8542.39.0000	A Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS) code developed by the World Customs Organization to classify/define internationally traded goods.	—
Manufacturing Notes	Tape & Reel dimension, reflow profile and other manufacturing related info	https://www.sitime.com/support/resource-library/manufacturing-notes-sitime-products
Termination Techniques	Termination design recommendations	http://www.sitime.com/support/application-notes
Layout Techniques	Layout recommendations	http://www.sitime.com/support/application-notes
Evaluation Boards	SiT6760EB	https://www.sitime.com/support/resource-library/user-manuals/sit6760eb-evaluation-board-user-manual

Revision History

Table 16. Revision History

Revision	Release Date	Change Summary
0.94	9-Jan-2023	Preliminary data sheet
0.95	2-Feb-2023	Updated to include LVPECL and LVDS
0.96	17-Apr-2023	Updated with PCIe standard Gen 1-6; Application to include CXL, UCle and CK440
0.97	15-May-2023	Update with PCIe RMS Phase Jitter values for Gen 1 to 6
1.0	28-Feb-2024	Updated 2520 package Dimensions drawing Updated disclaimer Rev 1.0 Production release

SiTime Corporation, 5451 Patrick Henry Drive, Santa Clara, CA 95054, USA | **Phone:** +1-408-328-4400 | **Fax:** +1-408-328-4439

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